



QR financial report 2008/09

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FURTHER INFORMATION

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► DIRECTORS' REPORT

Your directors present their report together with the financial report of QR Limited and its controlled entities ("the Group") at the end of, or during, the year ended 30 June 2009 and the auditor's report thereon.

DIRECTORS

The following persons were Directors of QR Limited during the financial year and up to the date of this report:

J Prescott AC – Chairman

A Davies (appointed 1 October 2008)

P Gregg (appointed 7 May 2009)

R Holloway

P Holmes à Court

Dr L Keliher AO (appointed 1 October 2008)

W McLachlan

D Petie (reappointed 1 October 2008)

S Rix

J West

There were no Director resignations during the period.

Information relating to Directors' qualifications is contained in section 5 of the Annual Report.

Information relating to Directors' remuneration is contained in Note 32 in the Notes to the Financial Statements section of the Financial Report.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

During the year the principal continuing activities of the Group consisted of:

- (a) Freight comprising coal, bulk, regional freight, intermodal, logistics and retail services nationally;
- (b) Passenger services throughout Queensland;
- (c) Network access services throughout Queensland; and
- (d) Other services comprising assets, infrastructure, rollingstock and component services and engineering services.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the activities of the Group during the year.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

The profit of the Group for the financial year amounted to \$298.7 million (2008: \$216.0 million profit). For a detailed review of the Group's operations refer to section 3 of the Annual Report.

The comparatives for the 2008 reporting period have been restated due to changes in accounting policies. These changes are discussed further in Note 1(d) and Note 4 in the Notes to the Financial Statements section of the Financial Report.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS

Significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group during the financial year were as follows:

- On 11 July 2008 QR Limited incorporated two new wholly-owned companies. These two companies, QR Network Pty Ltd and QR Passenger Pty Ltd are registered with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission. The existing network and passenger businesses within QR Limited commenced trading under these new companies from 1 September 2008.
- The remaining businesses, consisting of regional freight, intermodal, coal and services, continued as stand-alone businesses within the QR Limited parent company.

- The QR Board agreed to restructure the freight operations within the Group. This restructure consisted of the separation of the coal operations from the remaining freight businesses. The executive team reflects these changes through the formation of the Executive General Manager QR Freight and Executive General Manager QR Coal positions in December 2008. This restructure was approved by the Shareholding Minister on 24 June 2009.

As a result of the above changes, the QR Limited parent entity is significantly different than in previous years. The restructure has resulted in movements in assets and liabilities as well as operational revenues and expenses between the parent and its subsidiaries. The impact of this is a significantly different parent Balance Sheet and Income Statement.

MATTERS SUBSEQUENT TO THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPECTED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The recent announcement by the Queensland Government to privatise a major part of the QR business (initially being QR Coal above and below rail operations, with opportunities to sell other assets also to be investigated) together with the current economic conditions may have a negative impact on the forecast QR Group results. The impact, however, is not expected to be sufficiently significant to warrant a review of QR's going concern status. The QR Group has and will continue to receive significant support from the Queensland Government.

Further information on likely developments in the operations of the Group and the expected results of operations have been included in section 1 of the Annual Report.

ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

The Group is required to comply with relevant environmental legislation. Exposure in this area is primarily related to noise, air, land and water pollution, environmental impacts associated with development and energy use, and greenhouse emissions. Due to their nature it is not possible to provide an estimate of the future expenditure in these areas.

Primary legislation and regulations that the Group is subject to are as follows:

- *Environmental Protection Act 1994* and other state equivalents
- *Energy Efficiency Opportunities Act 2006*
- *Environmental Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999*
- *Ozone Protection and Synthetic Greenhouse Gas Management Act 1989*
- *National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting Act 2007*
- *Fisheries Act 1994*
- *Integrated Planning Act 1997*
- *Land Protection (Pest and Stock Route Management) Act 2002*
- *Nature Conservation Act 1992*
- *Plant Protection Act 1989*
- *State Development and Public Works Organisation Act 1971*
- *Vegetation Management Act 1999*
- *Water Act 2000*
- *Wet Tropics World Heritage Protection and Management Act 1993*

GREENHOUSE GAS AND ENERGY DATA REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

The Group is subject to the reporting requirements of both the *Energy Efficiency Opportunities Act 2006* and the *National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting Act 2007*.

The *Energy Efficiency Opportunities Act 2006* requires controlling corporations to assess energy usage of the corporation's group, including the identification, investigation and evaluation of energy saving opportunities, and to report publicly on the assessments undertaken, including what action is intended to be taken as a result. As required under this Act, QR has registered with the Department of Environment and Resource Management as a participant entity and had reported the results from its initial assessments before 31 December 2008.

The *National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting Act 2007* requires controlling corporations to report annually on the greenhouse gas emissions and energy use of the corporation's group. The first measurement period for this Act ran from 1 July 2008 to 30 June 2009. QR has implemented systems and processes for the collection and calculation of the data required and will be able to prepare and submit its initial report to the Greenhouse and Energy Data Officer by 31 October 2009.

MEETINGS OF DIRECTORS

The number of meetings the Group's Board of Directors and each board committee held during the year ended 30 June 2009, and the number of meetings attended by each director were:

	Board Meetings		Audit & Risk Management		Remuneration & Succession		Freight Business Strategy ¹		Passenger Services Strategy ²		Business Development ³		Network ⁴	
	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
J Prescott AC	14	14	6	6	3	3	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
A Davies*	10	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-
P Gregg**	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
R Holloway	13	14	-	-	3	3	-	-	1	1	2	2	-	-
P Holmes à Court	12	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-
Dr L Keliher AO***	9	10	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
W McLachlan	14	14	6	6	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	2	2
D Petie	14	14	-	-	3	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	2	2
S Rix	13	14	6	6	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	2	2
J West	13	14	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	2	2	-	-

A = Number of meetings attended

B = Number of meetings held during the time the director held office or was a member of the committee during the year

- (1) The Board approved the withdrawal of the remit of the Freight Business Strategy Committee at its meeting on 28 January 2009.
- (2) The Board approved the withdrawal of the remit of the Passenger Services Strategy Committee at its meeting on 28 January 2009.
- (3) The Board approved terms of reference for the Business Development Committee at its meeting on 28 January 2009.
- (4) The Board approved terms of reference for the Network Committee at its meeting on 28 January 2009.

* Allan Davies was appointed as a Director on 1 October 2008.

** Peter Gregg was appointed as a Director on 7 May 2009.

*** Leo Keliher was appointed as a Director on 1 October 2008.

DIVIDENDS

In respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2009, a dividend of \$215.1 million was declared to the holders of fully paid ordinary shares (2008: \$156.8 million declared and subsequently paid on 31 December 2008 for the full reporting period ending 30 June 2008), to be paid in December 2009.

INSURANCE OF OFFICERS

During the financial year, a related entity paid a premium in respect of an insurance contract to indemnify officers against liabilities that may have arisen from their position as officers of the parent and its controlled entities. Officers indemnified include the Company Secretary and all executive officers participating in the management of the Group.

Further disclosure required under section 300 of the *Corporations Act 2001* is prohibited under the terms of the contract.

PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF THE GROUP

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001* for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Group, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Group is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Group for all or part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the Group with leave of the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

The auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 6.

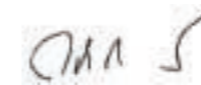
ROUNDING OF AMOUNTS

The company is of a kind referred to in Class Order 98/100, issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission, relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the directors' report. Amounts in the directors' report have been rounded off in accordance with that Class Order to the nearest thousand dollars, or in certain cases, to the nearest dollar.

AUDITOR

The Auditor-General of Queensland continues in office in accordance with section 327 of the *Corporations Act 2001*, the Auditor-General is appointed in accordance with the *Auditor-General Act 2009*.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



J B Prescott AC
Chairman

Brisbane, QLD
11 August 2009



S Rix
Director

Brisbane, QLD
11 August 2009

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

To the Directors of QR Limited

This audit independence declaration has been provided pursuant to s.307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Independence Declaration

As lead auditor for the audit of QR Limited for the year ended 30 June 2009, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been -

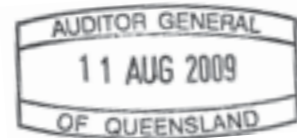
- (a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- (b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of QR Limited and the entities it controlled during the period.



GG POOLE FCPA

Auditor-General of Queensland



Queensland Audit Office

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

	Notes	Consolidated		Parent	
		2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Revenue from continuing operations	5	3,837,262	3,419,561	2,250,513	2,923,245
Other income	6	133,569	123,750	107,951	100,319
Consumables		(1,396,993)	(1,207,133)	(905,353)	(908,664)
Employee benefits expense		(1,228,112)	(1,141,360)	(837,304)	(999,717)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	7	(515,166)	(459,805)	(339,152)	(425,201)
Other expenses	7	(107,860)	(143,996)	(52,296)	(118,932)
Finance costs	7	(336,985)	(304,106)	(336,984)	(304,105)
Share of net profits of associates and joint venture partnership accounted for using the equity method		551	795	512	101
Profit / (loss) before income tax		386,266	287,706	(112,113)	267,046
Income tax benefit / (expense)	8	(87,587)	(71,722)	60,909	(64,606)
Profit / (loss) for the year		298,679	215,984	(51,204)	202,440

The above income statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes (see page 11).

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2009

	Notes	Consolidated		Parent	
		2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	9	105,185	55,099	53,785	45,470
Trade and other receivables	10	488,821	408,302	652,512	331,573
Inventories	11	239,269	210,245	175,384	185,232
Derivative financial instruments	12	14,044	76,476	13,971	76,476
Other current assets	13	18,298	16,526	29,461	26,162
Total current assets		865,617	766,648	925,113	664,913
Non-current assets					
Receivables	14	21,128	27,506	5,570,745	727,242
Inventories	15	35,747	30,935	37,728	30,935
Property, plant and equipment	16	12,081,458	10,184,256	5,447,083	9,699,902
Intangible assets	17	98,630	109,414	20,147	30,700
Investments accounted for using the equity method	18	466	1,117	466	443
Other financial assets	19	46,078	31,028	101,239	18,479
Deferred tax assets	20	232,084	220,597	162,890	208,556
Derivative financial instruments	12	14,615	55,295	14,615	55,295
Other non-current assets	21	71,247	51,550	51,183	51,250
Total non-current assets		12,601,453	10,711,698	11,406,096	10,822,802
Total assets		13,467,070	11,478,346	12,331,209	11,487,715
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities					
Trade and other payables	22	765,395	691,582	854,343	631,934
Borrowings	23	169	530,654	169	530,652
Provisions	24	18,369	16,939	17,955	16,175
Derivative financial instruments	12	23,012	34,596	22,576	34,062
Other current liabilities	25	212,603	200,904	88,967	187,163
Total current liabilities		1,019,548	1,474,675	984,010	1,399,986
Non-current liabilities					
Derivative financial instruments	12	16,941	21,536	16,934	21,536
Borrowings	26	6,455,709	4,678,740	6,455,709	4,678,740
Deferred tax liabilities	27	1,046,214	973,943	341,286	964,600
Provisions	24	33,452	37,842	33,452	37,842
Other non-current liabilities	28	645,604	641,215	645,587	780,504
Total non-current liabilities		8,197,920	6,353,276	7,492,968	6,483,222
Total liabilities		9,217,468	7,827,951	8,476,978	7,883,208
Net assets		4,249,602	3,650,395	3,854,231	3,604,507
EQUITY					
Contributed equity	29	3,412,923	2,834,480	3,412,923	2,834,480
Reserves	30(a)	(10,859)	51,587	(10,610)	51,852
Retained profits / (accumulated losses)	30(b)	847,538	764,328	451,918	718,175
Total equity		4,249,602	3,650,395	3,854,231	3,604,507

The above balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes (see page 11).

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

	Notes	Consolidated		Parent	
		2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Total equity at the beginning of the financial year		3,650,395	3,084,495	3,604,507	3,044,843
Movement in reserves	30(a)	(62,446)	59,091	(62,462)	59,356
Adjustment to retained earnings	30(b)	(383)	(1,754)	33	5,289
Net income recognised directly in equity		(62,829)	57,337	(62,429)	64,645
Profit / (loss) for the year		298,679	215,984	(51,204)	202,440
Total recognised income and expense for the year		235,850	273,321	(113,633)	267,085
Contributions of equity	29	578,443	449,400	578,443	449,400
Dividends provided for or paid	31	(215,086)	(156,821)	(215,086)	(156,821)
Total equity at the end of the financial year		4,249,602	3,650,395	3,854,231	3,604,507

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes (see page 11).

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

	Notes	Consolidated		Parent	
		2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Cash flows from operating activities					
Receipts from customers (inclusive of goods and services tax i.e. "GST")		2,876,407	2,427,414	1,645,192	1,872,227
Receipts from Government (inclusive of GST)		1,362,582	1,263,923	281,859	1,263,922
Interest received		4,574	874	3,044	573
Payments to suppliers and employees (inclusive of GST)		(3,051,905)	(2,522,469)	(1,580,654)	(2,003,313)
Interest and other cost of finance paid		(435,768)	(326,272)	(406,676)	(325,557)
Net GST received / (paid)		(28,333)	(65,440)	27,272	(70,299)
Income taxes paid		(2,853)	(10,529)	(2,835)	(10,529)
Net cash (outflow) / inflow from operating activities	42	724,704	767,501	(32,798)	727,024
Cash flows from investing activities					
Investment to acquire businesses		(16,708)	(39,936)	-	-
Proceeds from the disposal of assets		86,451	75,500	30,892	77,772
Payments made to acquire assets		(2,410,362)	(1,738,843)	(1,560,077)	(1,686,438)
Investment in subsidiaries		-	-	(82,760)	-
Loans to related parties		-	-	(12,917)	(41,493)
Repayment of loans by related parties		-	-	-	680
Net cash (outflow) / inflow from investing activities		(2,340,619)	(1,703,279)	(1,624,862)	(1,649,479)
Cash flows from financing activities					
General borrowings		4,382,154	1,418,869	4,310,492	1,418,869
Proceeds from issue of shares		578,443	449,400	578,443	449,400
Repayment of borrowings		(3,136,781)	(775,007)	(3,065,119)	(775,002)
Dividends paid	31	(156,785)	(151,493)	(156,785)	(151,493)
Net cash inflow / (outflow) from financing activities		1,667,031	941,769	1,667,031	941,774
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		51,116	5,991	9,371	19,319
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		54,040	48,049	44,411	25,092
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	9(a)	105,156	54,040	53,782	44,411

The above cash flow statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes (see page 11).

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial report are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated. The financial report includes separate financial statements for QR Limited as an individual entity and the consolidated entity consisting of QR Limited and its subsidiaries.

QR Limited is a corporation owned by the Queensland State Government.

QR Limited is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. This financial report is denominated in Australian dollars.

(a) BASIS OF PREPARATION

This general purpose financial report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Compliance with IFRS

Australian Accounting Standards include Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (AIFRS). The parent and consolidated financial statements and notes of the QR Group comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

Early adoption of standards

QR Limited has elected to apply the following pronouncements to the annual reporting period beginning 1 July 2008:

- AASB 8 *Operating Segments*
- AASB 2007-3 *Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 8 [AASB 5, AASB 6, AASB 102, AASB 107, AASB 119, AASB 127, AASB 134, AASB 136, AASB 1023 & AASB 1038]*
- AASB 123 *Borrowing costs*
- AASB 2007-6 *Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 123 [AASB 1, AASB 101, AASB 107, AASB 111, AASB 116 & AASB 138 and Interpretations 1 & 12]*

The implications for QR Limited on adopting the above standards are:

- The segment information note has been removed from this financial report.
- The requirement for segment information to be disclosed in other notes in this financial report has been removed.
- QR Limited has been capitalising interest on construction of qualifying assets. The early adoption of AASB 123 does not further impact this financial report.

Historical cost convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for certain assets which, as stated, are at fair value.

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with AIFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in Note 3.

(b) PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of all subsidiaries of QR Limited ("company" or "parent entity") as at 30 June 2009 and the results of all subsidiaries for the year then ended. QR Limited and its subsidiaries together are referred to in this financial report as the ("Group").

Subsidiaries are all those entities (including special purpose entities) over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from their activities, generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one-half of the voting rights.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of the impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost in the individual financial statements of the Group.

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**(c) FOREIGN CURRENCY AND COMMODITY TRANSACTIONS***(i) Functional and presentation currency*

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entities operate (i.e. the functional currency). The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the Group's functional and presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Where the Group is exposed to the risk of fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and commodity prices, it enters into financial arrangements to reduce this exposure. While the value of these financial instruments is subject to risk that market rates/prices may change subsequent to acquisition, such changes will generally be offset by opposite effects on the items being hedged.

Foreign currency transactions are initially translated into Australian currency using the exchange rate prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

At balance date, and upon finalisation of the hedge, the amounts payable and receivable in foreign currencies are translated to Australian currency at rates of exchange current at that date. Resulting exchange differences are brought to account in determining the profit or loss for the year, except when they are deferred in equity as qualifying cash flow hedges or where specific hedges are undertaken to hedge purchases, in which case the difference is deferred and included in the purchase cost.

(d) ROUNDING OF AMOUNTS / COMPARATIVE RESTATEMENTS

Unless otherwise indicated, amounts in the financial report have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars.

The restructure of the QR Limited parent entity during the year, as mentioned in the Directors' Report, has resulted in a significant movement in the current year financial information. These changes should be taken into account when comparing the current year with the previous year comparative figures.

Comparative information has been restated where necessary to be consistent with disclosures in the current reporting period.

The 2008 financial year comparative figures have been restated due to a change in the Group's interest capitalisation policy and to the bond rate used to calculate non-current employee leave balances. This is discussed further in note 4. Below is a summary of the material changes to the balances:

Consolidated 2008	Audited \$'000	Change in Accounting Policy \$'000	Restated \$'000
Balance Sheet			
Assets			
Deferred tax assets	205,630	14,967	220,597
Property, plant and equipment	10,155,820	28,436	10,184,256
Liabilities			
Other non-current liabilities	(619,271)	(21,944)	(641,215)
Income Statement			
Employee benefits expense	(1,119,416)	(21,944)	(1,141,360)
Finance costs	(332,542)	28,436	(304,106)
Income tax benefit / (expense)	(86,690)	14,967	(71,723)

Parent 2008	Audited \$'000	Change in Accounting Policy \$'000	Restated \$'000
Balance Sheet			
Assets			
Deferred tax assets	193,589	14,967	208,556
Property, plant and equipment	9,671,466	28,436	9,699,902
Liabilities			
Other non-current liabilities	(758,560)	(21,944)	(780,504)
Income Statement			
Employee benefits expense	(977,773)	(21,944)	(999,717)
Finance costs	(332,541)	28,436	(304,105)
Income tax benefit / (expense)	(79,574)	14,967	(64,607)

(e) NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

During the financial year, new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for the 30 June 2009 reporting period. The Group's assessment of the impact of these new standards is set out below:

- Revised AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements* and AASB 2007-8 *Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 101* (issued September 2007) as applicable 1 January 2009 – the Standard requires the presentation of a statement of comprehensive income and makes changes to the statement of changes in equity but will not affect any of the amounts recognised in the financial statements. If an entity has made a prior period adjustment or a reclassification of items in the financial statements, it will need to disclose a third balance sheet (statement of financial position), this one being as at the beginning of the comparative period. The Group intends to apply the revised Standard from 1 July 2009.
- Revised AASB 3 *Business Combinations* and AASB 2008-3 *Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 3 and AASB 127* (issued March 2008) as applicable 1 July 2009 – the standard requires all transaction costs incurred relating to a business combination to no longer be capitalised as part of the acquisition but to be expensed and recognised in the income statement. Transaction costs incurred relating to the raising of capital or debt can still be recognised against the equity or liability as required by existing accounting standards. Operating leases of the acquiree company must also be fair valued at the date of acquisition. Favourable variances between the fair value and the book value must be recognised as an intangible asset. Unfavourable variances must be recognised as a liability.

There are additional new accounting standards and interpretations that are not mandatory for the 30 June 2009 reporting period, however these are considered not to materially impact the Group in the period of initial application.

(f) DERIVATIVES

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value. The method of recognising the resulting gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument and, if so, the nature of the item being hedged.

The Group designates certain derivatives as either:

- hedges of the fair value of recognised assets or liabilities or a firm commitment (fair value hedge); or
- hedges of the cash flows of recognised assets and liabilities and highly probable forecast transactions (cash flow hedges).

At inception, the Group documents the relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as its risk management objective and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. The Group also documents its assessment, both at hedge inception and on an ongoing basis, of whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions have been, and will continue to be, highly effective in offsetting changes in fair value or cash flows of hedged items.

(i) Fair value hedge

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recorded in the income statement, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk. The gain or loss relating to the effective portion of interest rate swaps hedging fixed rate borrowings is recognised in the income statement within other income or other expense, together with the gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion and changes in the fair value of the hedged fixed rate borrowings attributable to the interest rate risk.

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

If the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, the adjustment to the carrying amount of a hedge item for which the effective interest method is used is amortised to profit or loss over the period to maturity using a recalculated effective interest rate. At balance sheet date, the Group held no fair value hedges.

(ii) Cash flow hedge

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognised in equity in the hedging reserve. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the income statement.

Amounts accumulated in equity are recycled in the income statement in the periods when the hedged item will affect profit or loss. However, when the forecast transaction that is hedged results in the recognition of a non-financial asset, the gains and losses previously deferred in equity are transferred from equity and included in the measurement of the initial cost or carrying amount of the asset.

When a hedging instrument expires or is sold or terminated, or when a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, any cumulative gain or loss existing in equity at that time is recognised in the income statement. When a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss that was reported in equity is immediately transferred to the income statement.

(iii) Derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting

Certain derivative instruments do not qualify for hedge accounting. Changes in fair value of any derivative instrument that does not qualify for hedge accounting are recognised immediately in the income statement.

(iv) Embedded derivatives

Through the Group's purchase and sale contracts, it is possible embedded derivatives have been entered into. An embedded derivative will cause some or all of the cash flows of the purchase or sale contract (i.e. the host contract) to be modified by reference to a variable such as a foreign exchange rate or a commodity price if that variable is not closely related to the host contract.

Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted for as a stand-alone derivative.

At balance sheet date, there were no embedded derivatives not closely related to the host contract.

(g) FAIR VALUE ESTIMATION

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement, and for disclosure purposes. The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as foreign exchange and commodity derivatives) is based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date. The quoted market price used for financial assets and liabilities held by the Group for effective hedges is the average (i.e. "mid") forward rate at close of business on balance sheet date.

(h) JOINT VENTURES*(i) Jointly controlled assets*

Where the company has jointly controlled assets, the proportionate interests in the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of a joint venture activity are incorporated in the financial statements under the appropriate headings. Details of the joint venture are set out in note 35.

(ii) Jointly controlled entities

Where the company has an interest in a jointly controlled entity, the interest is accounted for in the financial statements using the equity method and is carried at cost by the parent entity. Under the equity method, the share of the profits or losses of the jointly controlled entity is recognised in the income statement. Details relating to the jointly controlled entities are set out in note 35.

(iii) Jointly controlled operations

Where the company has jointly controlled operations, the proportionate interests in the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of a joint venture activity are incorporated in the financial statements under the appropriate headings. Details relating to the jointly controlled operations are set out in note 35.

(i) INVESTMENTS AND OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

Other financial assets are unlisted equity securities, for which there is no active market to reliably determine the fair value of the investments. These investments are initially measured at fair value and subsequently at cost. They are included in non-current assets unless management intends to dispose of the investment within 12 months of the reporting date.

(j) INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% - 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for in the parent entity financial statements using the cost method and in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting, after initially being recognised at cost. The Group's investment in associates includes goodwill (net of any accumulated impairment loss) identified on acquisition.

There are no investments in associates within the Group for the current or prior reporting periods.

(k) REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of taxes. The Group recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities as described below. Exchanges of goods and services of the same nature and value without any cash consideration are not recognised as revenues. Revenue is recognised for the major business activities as follows:

(i) Service revenue

Service revenue comprises revenue earned from the provision of services and products. It includes Transport Service Contract payments received from Queensland Transport for below rail, Citytrain, Traveltrain and low volume freight services, and amounts received from various State Government departments as direct reimbursement for concessions provided to senior citizens, pensioners and students.

Service revenue is brought to account when the service fee has been earned.

(ii) Construction revenue

Revenue from construction works is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the transaction, provided that the transaction's outcome, stage of completion, and the past and prospective costs are all reliably measurable. Otherwise such revenue is only recognised to the extent of the associated recognised recoverable expenses.

(iii) Asset sales

Upon the sale of a fixed asset, the difference between the carrying amount and the sale proceeds is brought to account in the income statement.

(iv) Interest income

QR Limited has a bank account which currently forms part of a group banking facility. Interest on the bank account is linked to the group banking facility which is calculated daily and credited monthly to QR Limited.

(v) Freight services revenue

Freight services revenue comprises revenue earned (net of refunds, discounts and allowances) from the provision of services. Revenue is recognised at the time services are provided to customers.

(vi) Other revenue

Other revenue comprises revenue earned from the sale of goods and services. Revenue for sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards are passed to the buyer and the costs incurred, or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably. Risks and rewards are considered and passed to the buyer at the time of delivery.

(vii) Dividends

Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established.

(l) GOVERNMENT GRANTS

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the income statement over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

Government grants relating to the purchase of property, plant and equipment are included in non-current liabilities as deferred income and are credited to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the expected lives of the related assets.

(m) CLASSIFICATION OF EXPENDITURE

Expenditure in excess of \$2,000 which is expected to provide future economic benefits is capitalised, with the exception of the purchase of office equipment and other items of a similar nature that provide limited quantifiable benefits. The threshold applies to all asset classes. Capital spares have a threshold of \$20,000. If capital spares are under \$20,000, the item is recorded in inventory. All other expenditure, except reductions in equity, is treated as an operating expense in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

(n) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For cash flow statement and presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 3 months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

The Group has a group banking facility whereby no interest is earned on subsidiary bank balances. Interest is earned on a daily basis on the consolidated bank balance of the Group which comprises the parent entity, the Logistics Australasia group, the QR Intermodal group (formerly known as National Logistics Alliance Pty Ltd) and Australian Rail Pty Ltd (formerly known as the QR National Holdings Pty Ltd) and its wholly-owned subsidiaries.

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**(o) TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES***Trade receivables*

Trade receivables are initially recorded at fair value less any allowance for uncollectable amounts. Trade receivables generally have credit terms ranging from 7 to 31 days.

Collectability of trade receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectable are written off. A provision for impairment of trade receivables is established when there is objective evidence the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

The amount of the impairment loss is recognised in the income statement within other expenses. When a trade receivable for which an impairment allowance had been recognised becomes uncollectable in a subsequent period, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other expenses in the income statement.

Other receivables

Other receivables include related party, contractual and GST receivables. Collectability is reviewed on an ongoing basis. As at reporting date, it has been assessed that all other receivables were collectable.

(p) INVENTORIES

The value of inventories reported includes items held in centralised stores, workshops and infrastructure and rollingstock depots.

Inventories are valued at cost. Cost is determined predominantly on an average cost basis.

Items expected to be consumed after more than one year are classified as non-current.

The provision for inventory obsolescence is based on assessments by management of particular inventory classes and relates specifically to infrastructure and rollingstock maintenance items. The amount of the provision is based on a proportion of the value of damaged stock, slow moving stock and stock that has become obsolete during the reporting period.

(q) PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT*Methodology for valuation of fixed assets*

Property, plant and equipment is measured at cost. Cost is the amount of cash or cash equivalents paid or the fair value of the other consideration given to acquire an asset at the time of its acquisition or construction or, where applicable, the amount attributed to that asset when initially recognised in accordance with the specific requirements of other Australian Accounting Standards.

The cost of fixed assets constructed by the Group includes the cost of all materials used in construction, direct labour, site preparation, interest and foreign currency gains and losses incurred where applicable, and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overheads.

Gifted and Donated Assets

Assets acquired from government at no cost are measured at fair value as governments grants. Fair value means the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

Assets acquired from entities outside of government at no cost are recorded at nil value.

Land

The *Transport Infrastructure Act 1994* stipulates the Group only retains ownership of its non-corridor land. As such, only non-corridor land is recorded in these accounts. Ownership of corridor land remains with the Department of Environment and Resource Management on behalf of the State. This land is leased to the Department of Transport and Main Roads and subsequently sub-leased to the Group for no cost. The sub-lease term is for an initial term of 100 years with a renewal option for an additional 100 years.

Depreciation and Amortisation

Buildings, plant and equipment, rollingstock and infrastructure are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the useful life net of residual. Motor vehicles are depreciated using the diminishing value basis (percentages range from 13.64% to 35.0%), with land and assets under construction not depreciated.

Assets controlled by the Group under finance leases are amortised over the useful lives of the asset or the lease term, as appropriate. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

Assets are depreciated or amortised from the date of acquisition, or, in respect of internally constructed or manufactured assets, from the time an asset is completed and held ready for use. Major spares purchased specifically for particular assets are capitalised and depreciated in line with standard default asset class lives.

Where assets have separately identifiable components that are subject to regular replacement, these components are assigned useful lives distinct from the asset to which they relate. Any expenditure that increases the originally assessed capacity or service potential of an asset is capitalised and the new depreciable amount is depreciated over the remaining life of the asset.

The depreciation and amortisation rates used during the year were based on the following range of useful lives:

- Infrastructure	5 – 100 years
- Buildings	10 – 40 years
- Rollingstock	8 – 40 years
- Plant and equipment	3 – 20 years

The depreciation and amortisation rates are reviewed annually and adjusted if appropriate (at 1 July of the financial year).

An asset's carrying amount is written down to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (note 1(t)).

(r) INTANGIBLE ASSETS*(i) Goodwill*

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired subsidiary at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries is included in intangible assets. Goodwill acquired in business combinations is not amortised. Instead, goodwill is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired, and is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units for the purpose of impairment testing.

(ii) Trademarks and licences

The QR Group does not amortise licences and trademarks but applies an annual impairment test to each.

(iii) IT development and software

Software has a finite useful life and is carried at cost less accumulated amortisation. Amortisation is calculated using the straight line method over their estimated useful life which varies from 3 to 7 years. Computer software (mainly comprising the SAP implementation) is amortised over its useful life and carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment.

(iv) Patents, brand name and key customer contracts

The patents and brand name have an indefinite useful life and are carried at cost less impairment losses. The nature of the brand and the commitment to sufficient ongoing marketing expenditure supports the assessment of an indefinite useful life. The brand name is valued by considering the cost to the business if the brand was not internally owned, but licensed from a third party.

The key customer contracts have a finite useful life and are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. The useful lives of the customer contracts are 8 – 10 years.

(s) INVESTMENT PROPERTY

Investment property is carried at fair value, which is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. If this information is not available, the company uses alternative valuation methods such as recent prices in less active markets or discounted cash flow projections. These valuations are reviewed annually. Changes in fair values are recorded in the income statement.

There are no investment properties within the Group for the current or prior reporting periods.

(t) IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS

Goodwill and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate they might be impaired. Other assets are reviewed for impairment annually to determine if there are indications that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value-in-use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units).

Non-financial assets other than goodwill that have suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal for the impairment at each reporting date.

(u) TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within the terms set by the supplier.

(v) BORROWINGS

Debt is drawn from facilities with the Queensland Treasury Corporation ("QTC") incorporating fixed and floating debt and is initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method. Interest is accrued and paid monthly.

Interest costs are calculated and advised by QTC in accordance with an agreed book rate methodology, which equates with amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument.

Borrowing costs, which includes interest calculated using the effective interest method and administration fees, are expensed in the period in which they arise.

Interest costs which are directly attributable to the construction of material qualifying assets are capitalised. Qualifying assets are assets not funded from other sources with a cost of more than \$0.1 million and which take a substantial period of time to prepare for intended use or sale. The rate used to determine the amount of borrowing cost to be capitalised is the QTC interest rate applicable to the entity's outstanding borrowings during the year, in this case 7.22% (2008: 6.98%). During the year, interest costs of \$94.0 million were capitalised (2008: \$50.9 million).

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

(w) PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at reporting date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.

(x) EMPLOYEE BENEFITS*(i) Wages and salaries, annual leave and leave loading*

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and leave loading expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are recognised as current liabilities. The remaining liabilities are included within employee benefits and are recognised as non-current liabilities.

These liabilities are in respect of employees' services up to the reporting date and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled plus related on-costs. The non-current liabilities are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date. Expected future non-current payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on Commonwealth government bonds with terms to maturity that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

(ii) Long service leave

Liabilities for long service leave, expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date, are recognised as current liabilities. The remaining liabilities are included as non-current liabilities.

The liability for long service leave is measured using the present value of the expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future non-current payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on Commonwealth government bonds with terms to maturity that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

(iii) Retirement allowance

Retirement allowance is payable to employees who fulfil the following requirements:

- Employees who retire or who are paid according to Voluntary Employee Redundancy Scheme (VERS) or Medical Separation; and
- are not members of an accumulation super fund; and
- were employed prior to 1 February 1995.

Liabilities for retirement allowance expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are recognised as current liabilities. The remaining liabilities are included within employee benefits and recognised as non-current liabilities. The non-current liability for retirement allowance is measured at the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by qualifying employees. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on Commonwealth government bonds with maturities that match, as closely as possible, to the estimated future cash outflows. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of the departure of qualifying employees and periods of service.

(iv) Sick leave

Sick leave is not provided for on the grounds that it is non-vesting and on average, no more than the annual entitlement taken each year.

(v) Superannuation

Contributions are expensed as they are made.

The QR parent entity pays an employer subsidy to the Government Superannuation Office in respect of employees who are contributors to either the Public Sector Superannuation (QSuper) scheme or State Service Superannuation.

Employer contributions to the Super Defined Benefit Fund are determined by the State Actuary. No liability is recognised for accruing superannuation benefits as this liability is held on a Whole of Government basis and reported in the Whole of Government financial statements. The QR parent entity also makes superannuation guarantee payments into the QSuper Accumulation Fund (RailSuper) and QSuper Accumulation Fund (Contributory) administered by the Government Superannuation Office.

(y) INCOME TAX

The income tax expense or benefit for the period is the tax (payable) / receivable on the current period's taxable income, based on the national income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, and to unused tax losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates that are enacted. The relevant tax rates are applied to the cumulative amounts of deductible and taxable temporary differences to measure the deferred tax asset or liability.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for the temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in controlled entities where the parent entity is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Current and deferred tax is recognised as an expense or income in the income statement, except when it relates to items credited or debited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised directly in equity.

Tax consolidation legislation

QR Limited and its wholly-owned Australian controlled entities have implemented the tax consolidation legislation.

The head entity, QR Limited, and the controlled entities in the tax consolidated group have adopted a group allocation approach effective 1 July 2006 and account for their own current and deferred tax amounts. These tax amounts are measured as if each entity in the tax consolidated group continues to be a stand-alone taxpayer in its own right.

In addition to its own current and deferred tax amounts, QR Limited also recognises the current tax liabilities (or assets) and the deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and unused tax credits assumed from controlled entities in the QR tax consolidated group.

Assets or liabilities arising under tax funding agreements with the tax consolidated entities are recognised as amounts receivable from or payable to other entities in the group. Details about the tax funding agreement are disclosed in note 8.

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**(z) GOODS AND SERVICES TAX (GST)**

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office ("ATO"). In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Trade receivables and trade payables in the balance sheet are shown inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with other receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

Cash flows are presented in the cash flow statement on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing or financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flow.

QR and its subsidiaries form part of the same GST group. This means any inter-company transactions within the QR Group do not attract GST. In 2008 Golden Bros. Group Pty Ltd did not form part of the GST group.

(aa) DIVIDENDS

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared, being appropriately authorised and no longer at the discretion of the Group, on or before the end of the financial year but not distributed at balance date.

The Group recognises as payable those dividends declared on or before the reporting date. The entire amount remaining undistributed at reporting date is recognised.

(ab) LEASES

Leases on property, plant and equipment, rollingstock and infrastructure

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are not transferred to the Group as lessee are classified as operating leases (note 34). Operating leases are expensed on a straight-line basis over the lease term and are charged to the income statement.

Expected rental revenue from operating leases are disclosed in note 34. Where a sale and lease back transaction has occurred, the lease is classified as a finance lease.

Leases of property, plant and equipment, rollingstock and infrastructure where the Group, as lessee, assumes substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership, are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the lease's inception at the fair value of the leased property or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments.

The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in other short term and long term payables.

Cross border leases

Cross border leases are accounted for on a basis that reflects the substance of the transactions, being to record a leased asset and to only recognise in the accounts the resulting changes in cash flows.

Where it is necessary under the cross border lease provisions to substitute existing owned assets for damaged or disposed leased assets, or to terminate part or all of a lease, and there is a difference between the value of the owned asset and the acquisition or termination cost of the leased asset, this amount is netted off in the income statement to ensure the leased asset is recorded at fair value.

(ac) BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for all acquisitions of assets (including business combinations) regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. Cost is measured at the fair value of the assets given, shares issued or liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the QR Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the QR Group's share of the fair value of the identifiable net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the income statement, but only after a reassessment of the identification and measurement of the net assets acquired.

The capitalisation threshold is \$2,000. Certain items are excluded from this capitalisation as described in (note 1(m)). Costs subsequent to initial acquisition are capitalised when it is probable additional future economic benefits will flow in future years. Assets acquired at no cost or for nominal consideration are recognised at their fair value at the date of acquisition.

(ad) INSURANCE

The Group insures against risks which are largely uncontrollable, have significant or catastrophic consequences for assets and/or revenue, and the aggregate costs of which would exceed the limit of exposure the organisation is prepared to accept.

Insurance cover has accordingly been effected for a variety of such risks. Other areas of risk exposure are self-insured, including workers' compensation.

Self-insurance and other underwriting activities are performed by QR Limited's wholly-owned subsidiary, On Track Insurance Pty Ltd ("OTI"). Inter-company transactions are undertaken to reflect OTI's insurance activities however these net out to nil on consolidation.

(ae) ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

The Group is subject to a variety of laws and regulations in the jurisdiction in which it operates or maintains land. Where remediation measures are probable and can be reliably measured, such costs incurred in complying with relevant laws and regulations are accounted for accordingly. Where reliable estimates are unable to be determined for regulatory and remediation costs, no amounts have been provided for.

(af) AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

The consolidated financial statements are authorised for issue by the Chairman at the date of signing the management certificate.

(ag) INTER-COMPANY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions between the parent and entities within the Group which are of an operating nature are recognised in either trade and other receivables or trade and other payables of the parent. The net amount receivable or payable is settled via an inter-company loan account between the parent and the trading partner in the following month.

Inter-company transactions that are non-operating in nature are recognised directly against an inter-company loan account between the parent and the trading partner.

All inter-company loan balances are classified as either non-current trade and other receivables or other non-current liabilities at reporting date.

The balance of the inter-company loan accounts may be settled periodically via cash transfers between the parent and the trading partner at the discretion of the General Manager Treasury.

2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group. The Group uses derivative financial instruments such as foreign exchange contracts and commodity swap contracts to hedge significant risk exposures. Trading for profit is strictly prohibited.

Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department within the Group (Group Treasury) under policies approved by the QR Board of Directors. Group Treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas, such as mitigating foreign exchange, interest rate and credit risks, use of derivative financial instruments and investing excess liquidity. Compliance to this Board directive is reported to the Treasury Management Committee on a regular basis. Any breaches of policy are reported to the QR Board.

Sensitivity analysis has been used to help assess the financial risk of the Group. In determining this sensitivity, the average of the 50 day historical volatility of the closing daily spot rate for three years, was used to adjust the forward curve. A three year period was chosen in line with the Group's current hedging framework. For commodity price risk, the adjustment was applied to both the Gasoil and Brent forward curves, while for foreign currency the adjustment was applied to both the US Dollar and the Euro.

(a) MARKET RISK

(i) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the US Dollar ("USD") and the Euro ("EUR"). The risk is measured using cash flow at risk.

The Group has a Board Directive in place to manage foreign exchange risk. The parent entity, on behalf of the Group, is required to hedge foreign exchange risk on exposures arising from future transactions and recognised assets and liabilities using approved derivative risk instruments transacted by Group Treasury.

The Group's foreign exchange risk management policy dictates the level of hedging to be undertaken within the Board approved limits. As at the balance sheet date, the Board approved trading range for the foreign exchange risk hedging is:

0 – 1 year: 80%–100%

1 – 2 years: 70%–100%

2 – 3 years: 60%–100%

The Group designates derivatives for highly probable foreign exchange forecast transactions. The Group operates on a 70% (2008: 70%) 'highly probable' hedge accounting framework for capital forecast foreign currency expenditure, and 100% (2008: 100%) 'highly probable' hedge accounting framework for commodity related foreign currency forecast expenditure. At balance date, 75% (2008: 85%) of foreign exchange hedges were designated for hedge accounting purposes.

The portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument that is determined to be an effective hedge is recognised directly in equity. When the cash flows occur, the Group adjusts the initial measurement of the component recognised in the Consolidated Balance Sheet by the related amount deferred in equity.

At balance date, these contracts recognised directly in equity were net losses of \$14.7 million (2008: loss of \$45.8 million).

During the year ended 30 June 2009, losses of \$4.7 million (2008: \$14.3 million) were removed from equity and included in the acquisition cost of components, gains of \$17.6 million (2008: \$14.7 million loss) were removed from equity and included in the acquisition cost of capital and gains of \$6.5 million (2008: loss of \$9.0 million) were transferred to profit and loss.

The carrying amounts of the Group's and parent entity's financial assets and liabilities are denominated in Australian dollars except as set out below:

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Receivables				
Malaysian Ringgit	18	-	18	-
Hong Kong dollars	-	31	-	31
Canadian dollars	9,505	8,391	9,505	8,391
	9,523	8,422	9,523	8,422
Trade payables				
Malaysian Ringgit	136	-	136	-
Canadian dollars	9,505	8,391	9,505	8,391
	9,641	8,391	9,641	8,391

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk at the reporting date was as follows:

30 June 2009	USD \$'000	EUR \$'000	SEK \$'000
Forward exchange contracts			
– buy foreign currency (cash flow hedges)	159,255	111,558	129,720
Net exposure	159,255	111,558	129,720
30 June 2008	USD \$'000	EUR \$'000	SEK \$'000
Forward exchange contracts			
– buy foreign currency (cash flow hedges)	311,728	170,940	90,300

The parent's exposure to foreign currency risk at the reporting date was as follows:

30 June 2009	USD \$'000	EUR \$'000	SEK \$'000
Forward exchange contracts			
– buy foreign currency (cash flow hedges)	154,360	111,503	129,720
Net exposure	154,360	111,503	129,720
30 June 2008	USD \$'000	EUR \$'000	SEK \$'000
Forward exchange contracts			
– buy foreign currency (cash flow hedges)	300,100	170,940	90,300

2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)*Group sensitivity*

At 30 June 2009, had the Australian dollar weakened / strengthened by 16.78% / 13.46% against the USD / EUR with all other variables held constant, the Group's post-tax profit for the year would have been \$17.3 million higher / \$12.6 million lower (2008: 10.64% / 8.51%, \$10.2 million higher / \$8.8 million lower), mainly as a result of forecast capital expenditure. Equity would have been \$49.3 million higher / \$35.7 million lower (2008: 10.64% / 8.51%, \$48.1 million higher / \$37.9 million lower) arising mainly from hedging capital expenditure (2008: arising mainly from hedging the forecast USD purchase price of diesel).

Parent entity sensitivity

At 30 June 2009, had the Australian dollar weakened / strengthened by 16.78% / 13.46% against the USD / EUR with all other variables held constant, the parent entity's post-tax profit for the year would have been \$16.5 million higher / \$12.0 million lower (2008: 10.64% / 8.51%, \$9.7 million higher / \$8.3 million lower), mainly as a result of forecast capital expenditure. Equity would have been \$48.8 million higher / \$35.4 million lower (2008: 10.64% / 8.51%, \$47.3 million higher / \$37.2 million lower) arising mainly from hedging capital expenditure (2008: arising mainly from hedging the forecast USD purchase price of diesel).

(ii) Price risk

Commodity price risk arises when future commercial supply agreements are subject to fluctuations in price movements. Commodity swap contracts, transacted by Group Treasury, are used to manage commodity price risk.

The Group has Board Directives in place to manage commodity price risk. The parent entity, on behalf of the Group, is required to hedge commodity price risk exposures arising from forecast future consumption and recognised assets and liabilities using approved derivative risk instruments transacted by Group Treasury.

The Group uses the commodity Singapore Gasoil 0.001% due to environmental efficiencies, however, as this product is not forward priced in the market the parent entity has used Singapore Gasoil 0.5% to hedge exposures until January 2010. All commodity exposures from February 2010 onwards have been hedged in Brent crude oil.

The Group's commodity price risk management policy is based on a matrix application that dictates the level of hedging to be undertaken within the Board approved limits. As at the balance sheet date, the Board approved trading range for the commodity price hedging is:

0 – 1 year: 80%-100%

1 – 2 years: 70%-100%

2 – 3 years: 60%-100%

Due to the reliability of forecasts, 100% hedge accounting is applied across monthly time buckets for distillate hedging. As a result, all gains and losses from hedges will be allocated to equity, and transferred to the distillate expense account upon realisation of the hedged position.

Group sensitivity

At 30 June 2009, had the Gasoil / Brent price decreased / increased by 37.1% / 40.8% with all other variables held constant, the Group's post-tax profit would have been \$0.1 million lower / \$0.1 million higher (2008: 24.47% / 31.25%, \$4.0 million lower / \$4.0 million higher), the Group's equity would have been \$0.8 million lower / \$0.7 million higher (2008: 24.47% / 31.25%, \$60.0 million lower / \$55.5 million higher).

Parent entity sensitivity

At 30 June 2009, had the Gasoil / Brent price weakened / strengthened by 37.1% / 40.8% with all other variables held constant, the parent entity's post-tax profit would have been \$0.1 million lower / \$0.1 million higher (2008: 24.47% / 31.25%, \$4.0 million lower / \$4.0 million higher), the parent entity's equity would have been \$0.8 million lower / \$0.7 million higher (2008: 24.47% / 31.25%, \$60.0 million lower / \$55.5 million higher).

(iii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk arises from long term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. The Queensland Treasury Corporation ("QTC") has been authorised to manage the interest rate risk of the Group within limits in accordance with the risk profile approved by the QR Board of Directors.

This is achieved by varying the proportion of the floating and fixed rate funding. The performance of this risk management is assessed against the benchmark debt portfolio.

The economic entity's exposure to interest rate risk, which is the risk that a financial instrument's value will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates and the effective weighted average interest rates on those financial assets and financial liabilities, is therefore restricted to cash at bank. The interest rate applicable as at 30 June 2009 was 3.00% (2008: 7.00%).

	30 June 2009		30 June 2008	
	Weighted average interest rate %	Balance \$'000	Weighted average interest rate %	Balance \$'000
Bank overdrafts and bank loans	6.6%	6,446,373	6.4%	5,201,000
Net exposure to cash flow interest rate risk		6,446,373		5,201,000

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Group's debt with Queensland Treasury Corporation to interest rate risk.

30 June 2009	Carrying amount \$'000	Interest rate risk			
		-1% Profit \$'000	Equity \$'000	+1% Profit \$'000	Equity \$'000
Client Specific Debt Pool	4,774,199	8,792	8,792	(8,792)	(8,792)
Total increase / (decrease)		8,792	8,792	(8,792)	(8,792)

30 June 2008	Carrying amount \$'000	Interest rate risk			
		-1% Profit \$'000	Equity \$'000	+1% Profit \$'000	Equity \$'000
Client Specific Debt Pool	4,695,420	3,406	3,406	(3,406)	(3,406)
Total increase / (decrease)		3,406	3,406	(3,406)	(3,406)

(b) CREDIT RISK

The maximum exposure to credit risk, excluding the value of any collateral or other security, at balance date to recognised financial assets, is the carrying amount, net of any provisions for impairment of those assets, as disclosed in the balance sheet and notes to the financial statements.

The economic entity does not have any material credit risk exposure to any single receivable or group of receivables under financial instruments entered into by the economic entity. For wholesale customers without credit rating, the Group generally retains title over the goods sold until full payment is received. For some trade receivables the Group may also obtain security in the form of guarantees, deeds of undertaking or letters of credit which can be called upon if the counterparty is in default under the terms of the agreement.

The Group has policies in place to ensure sales of products and services are only made to customers with an appropriate credit history.

Derivative counterparties and cash transactions are limited to high credit quality financial institutions and are approved by the QR Board of Directors. The Group has policies that limit the amount of credit exposure to any one financial institution. At the balance sheet date the Group had the following credit exposure risk, in dollars:

	Consolidated		Parent entity	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Cash at bank and short-term bank deposits				
AAA	-	24,215	-	24,215
AA+	47,840	-	47,840	-
AA	56,380	30,687	5,231	21,070
	104,220	54,902	53,071	45,285
Derivative financial assets				
AA+	-	-	-	-
AA	7,838	111,239	7,838	111,239
AA-	-	20,531	-	20,531
A+	20,821	-	20,748	-
	28,659	131,770	28,586	131,770

2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(c) LIQUIDITY RISK

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions.

Liquidity risk management within the Group ensures sufficient cash to meet short term and long term financial commitments. The Group has policies in place to manage liquidity risk, including the establishment of an annual approved borrowing program and the availability of appropriate working capital facilities.

The Group manages liquidity risk by monitoring forecast cash flows and ensuring adequate cash flow is maintained.

The tables below analyse the Group's and the parent entity's financial liabilities and net and gross settled derivative financial instruments into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows, except for interest.

Group – At 30 June 2009	Less than 1 year \$'000	Between 1 and 5 years \$'000	Over 5 years \$'000	Total contractual cash flows \$'000
Non-derivatives				
Non-interest bearing	496,981	10,801	239	508,021
Variable rate	53,759	-	-	53,759
Fixed rate	342,387	1,365,960	4,737,856	6,446,203
Total non-derivatives	893,127	1,376,761	4,738,095	7,007,983
Derivatives				
Net settled (forward commodity hedges)	(515)	3,490	-	2,975
Gross settled (foreign exchange hedges)				
– (inflow)	(457,187)	(251,149)	-	(708,336)
– outflow	466,671	249,984	-	716,655
Total derivatives	8,969	2,325	-	11,294

Group – At 30 June 2008	Less than 1 year \$'000	Between 1 and 5 years \$'000	Over 5 years \$'000	Total contractual cash flows \$'000
Non-derivatives				
Non-interest bearing	500,323	-	-	500,323
Variable rate	565,089	-	-	565,089
Fixed rate	335,635	1,349,624	2,993,481	4,678,740
Total non-derivatives	1,401,047	1,349,624	2,993,481	5,744,152
Derivatives				
Net settled (forward commodity hedges)	(73,741)	(53,197)	-	(126,938)
Gross settled (foreign exchange hedges)				
– (inflow)	(436,492)	(337,304)	-	(773,796)
– outflow	468,352	356,743	-	825,095
Total derivatives	(41,881)	(33,758)	-	(75,639)

Parent – At 30 June 2009	Less than 1 year \$'000	Between 1 and 5 years \$'000	Over 5 years \$'000	Total contractual cash flows \$'000
Non-derivatives				
Non-interest bearing	585,668	9,554	-	595,222
Variable rate	53,759	-	-	53,759
Fixed rate	342,387	1,365,960	4,737,856	6,446,203
Total non-derivatives	981,814	1,375,514	4,737,856	7,095,184
Derivatives				
Net settled (forward commodity hedges)	(515)	3,490	-	2,975
Gross settled (foreign exchange hedges)				
– (inflow)	(441,939)	(250,684)	-	(692,623)
– outflow	451,059	249,513	-	700,572
Total derivatives	8,605	2,319	-	10,924

Parent – At 30 June 2008	Less than 1 year \$'000	Between 1 and 5 years \$'000	Over 5 years \$'000	Total contractual cash flows \$'000
Non-derivatives				
Non-interest bearing	440,675	-	148,358	589,033
Variable rate	565,089	-	-	565,089
Fixed rate	335,634	1,349,624	2,993,481	4,678,739
Total non-derivatives	1,341,398	1,349,624	3,141,839	5,832,861
Derivatives				
Net settled (forward commodity hedges)	(73,741)	(53,197)	-	(126,938)
Gross settled (foreign exchange hedges)				
– (inflow)	(426,562)	(337,304)	-	(763,866)
– outflow	457,888	356,743	-	814,631
Total derivatives	(42,415)	(33,758)	-	(76,173)

3 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(a) CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

(i) Estimated impairment of goodwill

The Group tests annually whether goodwill has suffered any impairment, in accordance with the accounting policy stated in note 1(r). The recoverable amounts of cash-generating units have been determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations require the use of assumptions. The Group has not recognised an impairment loss for the financial year. Refer to note 17 for details of these assumptions and the potential impact of changes to the assumptions.

4 CORRECTION OF ERROR, REVISION OF ESTIMATES AND VARIATION FROM PRELIMINARY REPORT

Management have decided to broaden the criteria for capitalisation of borrowing costs for the parent entity. The original criteria used for identifying "qualifying assets", in line with AASB 123 *Borrowing Costs*, was limited to property and also rollingstock not used for passenger services. The individual project spend had to also exceed \$10 million.

The new criteria used to identify a "qualifying asset" has been extended to include infrastructure projects, other rollingstock and travel train assets. The individual project minimum spend has also been reduced to \$0.1 million.

This revision in accounting policy was a voluntary decision and therefore must be applied retrospectively to all prior accounting periods which can be practically determined. The impact of the change for the comparative reporting period was to increase the value of property, plant and equipment sitting in assets under construction by \$28.4 million and to decrease finance costs by \$28.4 million. The impact, including tax effect accounting, is summarised in note 1(d).

Had the interest capitalisation policy not been changed, the current year profit after tax would have been \$42.3 million lower.

Management have also revised the discount rate used to derive the present value of non-current employee benefits. Given the impact of the current economic downturn, it was considered appropriate to review the existing assumptions and other factors which may have changed over time. Whereas previously QR Limited had used the rate applicable to the Commonwealth Treasury Fixed Coupon Bonds, upon an independent review in 2008-09, it was decided to revise the discount rate slightly and adopt the Commonwealth Treasury Capital Indexed Bonds adjusted for an assumed annual inflation rate. This revision has been made retrospectively and applies to the comparative reporting period.

The impact of the revised bond rate for the comparative reporting period is to increase both employee benefits expense and non-current employee benefits liability by \$21.9 million. The impact, including tax effect accounting, is summarised in note 1(d).

Had the calculation of non-current employee benefits not been changed the current year profit after tax would have been \$29.5 million lower.

There were no other material corrections of errors or revisions of estimates relating to the previous financial year.

5 REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
From continuing operations				
Services revenue	3,712,384	3,284,437	2,165,966	2,812,582
Interest revenue	5,424	3,301	4,178	2,646
Other revenue	76,399	101,591	48,572	77,797
Construction and other works revenue	32,045	20,781	24,674	20,781
Rent and sub-lease rentals	11,010	9,451	7,123	9,439
	3,837,262	3,419,561	2,250,513	2,923,245

Services revenue includes Transport Service Contracts of \$1,307.2 million (2008: \$1,103.8 million).

Other revenue includes Shareholder Agreement revenue of \$8.7 million (2008: \$9.7 million).

6 OTHER INCOME

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Net gain / (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	14,412	-	14,750
Net unrealised gain / (loss) on foreign currency and commodity derivatives not qualifying as hedges	2,349	13,128	2,096	13,283
Net realised gain / (loss) on foreign exchange	29,793	(1,647)	29,545	(1,647)
Government grants (a)	101,427	97,857	76,310	73,933
	133,569	123,750	107,951	100,319

(a) GOVERNMENT GRANTS

Grants of \$101.4 million (2008: \$97.9 million) were recognised as other income by the Group during the financial year. These grants mainly comprise fuel rebates of \$99.4 million (2008: \$96.5 million). There are no unfulfilled conditions or other contingencies attached to these grants. The Group did not benefit directly from any other forms of government assistance.

7 EXPENSES

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Profit before income tax includes the following specific expenses:				
<i>Depreciation</i>				
Buildings	19,316	17,309	17,435	16,122
Plant and equipment	55,758	52,849	45,341	45,206
Rollingstock	169,883	112,300	143,243	90,538
Infrastructure	179,968	164,738	43,575	162,939
Total depreciation	424,925	347,196	249,594	314,805
<i>Amortisation</i>				
Buildings under finance leases	419	343	208	231
Rollingstock under finance leases	78,431	98,838	78,431	98,839
Infrastructure under finance leases	-	1	-	1
Total amortisation	78,850	99,182	78,639	99,071
Total property, plant and equipment depreciation and amortisation expense (note 16)	503,775	446,378	328,233	413,876
<i>Other amortisation</i>				
Software	11,150	11,611	10,919	11,325
Customer contracts	241	1,816	-	-
Total amortisation (note 17)	11,391	13,427	10,919	11,325
Total depreciation and amortisation expense	515,166	459,805	339,152	425,201
<i>Finance costs</i>				
Interest and finance charges paid/payable	336,985	304,106	336,984	304,105
Finance costs expensed	336,985	304,106	336,984	304,105
<i>Other expenses</i>				
Rental expenses relating to leases	15,348	11,448	200	857
Net loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	3,445	-	1,851	-
Defined benefit superannuation expense	41,112	40,264	32,534	40,264
Defined contribution superannuation expense	64,834	52,317	40,228	43,470
Provision for inventory obsolescence	1,475	4,863	1,298	4,749
Research and development costs	555	296	530	295
Other expenses	(1,574)	6,940	(4,550)	5,268
	125,195	116,128	72,091	94,903
<i>Settlement of litigation expenses</i>	(2,130)	(986)	(2,133)	(986)
<i>Impairment losses – financial assets</i>				
Trade receivables	2,412	1,221	237	590
<i>Impairment of other assets</i>				
Property, plant and equipment	(17,617)	26,746	(17,899)	23,538
Software	-	887	-	887
Impairment of other assets	(17,617)	27,633	(17,899)	24,425
Total other expenses	107,860	143,996	52,296	118,932

8 INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
(a) INCOME TAX EXPENSE				
Current tax	12,338	45,371	(109,754)	35,422
Deferred tax	73,650	23,679	47,071	26,543
Adjustments for current tax of prior periods	1,599	2,672	1,774	2,641
	87,587	71,722	(60,909)	64,606
Deferred income tax expense included in income tax expense comprises:				
(Increase) / decrease in deferred tax assets (note 20)	(20,844)	(7,532)	(31,918)	(3,469)
Increase in deferred tax liabilities (note 27)	94,494	31,211	78,989	30,012
	73,650	23,679	47,071	26,543
(b) NUMERICAL RECONCILIATION OF INCOME TAX EXPENSE TO PRIMA FACIE TAX PAYABLE				
Profit from continuing operations before income tax expense	386,266	287,706	(112,113)	267,046
Tax at the Australian tax rate of 30% (2008: 30%)	115,880	86,311	(33,633)	80,113
Tax effect of amounts which are non-deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income:				
Capital gains / (losses)	(37)	5,532	(37)	5,532
Consulting	842	166	265	91
Entertainment	98	128	40	52
Research and development	(4,014)	(124)	(3,362)	(124)
Share of net profit from joint ventures	(165)	-	(153)	-
Interest Capitalisation	(28,208)	(8,384)	(28,208)	(8,384)
Foreign exchange gains capitalised	(4,414)	-	(4,414)	-
Other	6,283	(13,208)	7,119	(13,943)
Non-assessable income	(277)	(1,372)	(300)	(1,372)
Adjustment for fixed assets transfer	-	-	-	-
Adjustments for current tax of prior periods	1,599	2,673	1,774	2,641
Total income tax expense	87,587	71,722	(60,909)	64,606

(c) AMOUNTS RECOGNISED DIRECTLY IN EQUITY

Aggregate current and deferred tax arising in the reporting period and not recognised in net profit or loss but directly debited or credited to equity

Net deferred tax – debited (credited) directly to equity (notes 20 and 27)	(26,785)	25,325	(26,791)	25,438
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(d) TAX LOSSES

Tax losses transferred to (receivable from) parent entity under tax funding agreement	-	-	406,390	33,139
Potential tax benefit @ 30%	-	-	121,917	9,942

(e) TAX CONSOLIDATION LEGISLATION

QR Limited and its wholly-owned Australian controlled entities implemented tax consolidation legislation from 1 July 2003.

The tax consolidation group adopted a group allocation approach effective 1 July 2006 and account for their own current and deferred tax amounts. This method complies with Interpretation 1052 *Tax Consolidation Accounting* and AASB 112 *Income Taxes* with tax amounts measured as if the Group were a stand-alone taxpayer in its own right.

Under the terms of the tax funding agreement, the Group compensates QR for any current tax payable assumed and is compensated by QR for any current tax receivable and deferred tax assets relating to unused tax losses or unused tax credits that are transferred to QR under tax consolidated legislation. The funding amounts are recognised as non-current inter-company receivables or payables.

9 CURRENT ASSETS – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Cash on hand	188	198	45	185
Bank balances	57,127	25,955	5,897	20,012
Short term investments	47,840	27,888	47,840	24,215
Trust monies	30	1,058	3	1,058
	105,185	55,099	53,785	45,470

(a) RECONCILIATION TO CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR

The above figures are reconciled to cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flows as follows:

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Balances as above	105,186	55,098	53,785	45,469
Less: Trust monies	(30)	(1,058)	(3)	(1,058)
Balances per statement of cash flows	105,156	54,040	53,782	44,411

(b) INTEREST RATE RISK EXPOSURE

The Group's and the parent entity's exposure to interest rate risk is discussed in note 2.

10 CURRENT ASSETS – TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Trade receivables	336,363	304,183	182,117	203,860
Provision for impairment of receivables	(2,274)	(1,413)	(471)	(767)
Net trade receivables	334,089	302,770	181,646	203,093
Inter-company receivables	17	-	434,998	26,183
Transport service contracts	88,381	47,737	2,103	47,737
Other receivables	66,042	57,250	33,473	54,015
Lease receivable	292	545	292	545
	488,821	408,302	652,512	331,573

(a) IMPAIRED TRADE RECEIVABLES

As at 30 June 2009, current trade receivables of the Group with a nominal value of \$0.7 million (2008: \$1.0 million) were impaired. The amount of the provision was \$2.3 million (2008: \$1.4 million). It was assessed that a portion of the receivables is expected to be recovered. The ageing of these receivables is as follows:

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
1 to 3 months	256	362	152	359
3 to 6 months	33	168	33	158
over 6 months	362	431	321	390
	651	961	506	907

Past due but not impaired

As at 30 June 2009, trade receivables of \$4.5 million (2008: \$3.6 million) were past due but not impaired. The ageing analysis of these trade receivables is as follows:

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
3 to 6 months	3,454	2,543	1,478	618
over 6 months	1,090	1,093	764	1,078
	4,544	3,636	2,242	1,696

Movements in the provision for impairment of receivables are as follows:

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
At 1 July	1,413	1,394	767	1,384
Provision for impairment recognised during the year	1,668	1,215	237	569
Receivables written off during the year as uncollectable	(807)	(1,196)	(343)	(1,186)
Transfer between entities	-	-	(190)	-
	2,274	1,413	471	767

The creation and release of the provision for impaired receivables has been included in the income statement. Amounts charged to the provision account are generally written off when there is no expectation of recovering additional cash.

(b) OTHER RECEIVABLES

These amounts generally arise from transactions outside the usual operating activities of the Group. For the parent entity, these mainly consist of a Shareholder Agreement (SHA) receivable amounting to \$8.7 million (2008: \$9.7 million) and miscellaneous receivables relating to items of a revenue nature not invoiced at reporting date amounting to \$30.0 million (2008: \$23.8 million).

(c) FOREIGN EXCHANGE AND INTEREST RATE RISK

Information about the Group's and the parent entity's exposure to foreign currency risk and interest rate risk in relation to trade and other receivables is discussed in note 2.

(d) FAIR VALUE AND CREDIT RISK

Due to the short-term nature of these receivables, their carrying amount is assumed to approximate their fair value.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of each class of receivables mentioned above. The Group does hold collateral as security in the form of bank guarantees, refer to note 26(c). For more information on the risk management policy of the Group and the credit quality of the entity's trade receivables, refer to note 2.

11 CURRENT ASSETS – INVENTORIES

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Raw materials and stores – at cost	230,531	200,360	166,065	174,792
Less: provision for inventory obsolescence	(581)	(555)	-	-
Work in progress – at cost	9,319	10,440	9,319	10,440
Inventory at lower of cost or net realisable value	239,269	210,245	175,384	185,232

(a) INVENTORY EXPENSE

Inventory recognised as expense during the year ended 30 June 2009 amounted to \$835.1 million (2008: \$788.5 million). Write-downs of inventories to net realisable value recognised as an expense during the year ended 30 June 2009 amounted to \$2.0 million (2008: \$3.0 million).

12 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Current assets				
Forward foreign currency contracts ((a)(i))	9,762	2,735	9,689	2,735
Commodity contracts ((a)(ii))	4,282	73,741	4,282	73,741
Total current derivative financial instrument assets	14,044	76,476	13,971	76,476
Non-current assets				
Forward foreign currency contracts ((a)(i))	10,694	2,097	10,694	2,097
Commodity contracts ((a)(ii))	3,921	53,198	3,921	53,198
Total non-current derivative financial instrument assets	14,615	55,295	14,615	55,295
Total derivative financial instrument assets	28,659	131,771	28,586	131,771
Current liabilities				
Forward foreign currency contracts ((a)(i))	19,245	34,596	18,809	34,062
Commodity contracts ((a)(ii))	3,767	-	3,767	-
Total current derivative financial instrument liabilities	23,012	34,596	22,576	34,062
Non-current liabilities				
Forward foreign currency contracts ((a)(i))	9,530	21,536	9,523	21,536
Commodity contracts ((a)(ii))	7,411	-	7,411	-
Total non-current derivative financial instrument liabilities	16,941	21,536	16,934	21,536
Total derivative financial instrument liabilities	39,953	56,132	39,510	55,598

At balance date, all derivative instruments were contracted by the parent entity on behalf of the QR Group.

(a) INSTRUMENTS USED BY THE GROUP

The Group is party to derivative financial instruments in the normal course of business in order to hedge exposure to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and diesel prices in accordance with the Group's financial risk management policies (note 2).

(i) Forward exchange contracts – cash flow hedges

The Group is party to derivative financial instruments in the normal course of business in order to hedge exposure to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. The Group enters into forward exchange contracts to hedge against identifiable currency risks associated with capital investment contracts and components, including the foreign currency risk associated with hedging diesel. The cash flows are expected to occur at various dates within the next three years.

(ii) Commodity swap contracts – cash flow hedges

The Group is party to derivative financial instruments in the normal course of business to hedge exposures to fluctuations in commodity prices. The Group enters into commodity swap contracts to hedge against identifiable commodity price risk associated with the purchase of diesel fuel.

(b) CREDIT RISK EXPOSURES

Credit risk on derivative contracts is minimised as counterparties are approved by the QR Board of Directors and are recognised financial intermediaries with acceptable credit ratings determined by a recognised ratings agency, in accordance with a credit risk management framework. Information about the Group's and the parent entity's exposure to credit risk and foreign exchange is provided in note 2.

13 CURRENT ASSETS – OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Prepayments	18,298	16,526	29,461	26,162
	18,298	16,526	29,461	26,162

14 NON-CURRENT ASSETS – RECEIVABLES

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Inter-company receivables	-	-	5,548,962	699,742
Deposits	9,522	8,398	9,505	8,392
Lease receivables	-	292	-	292
Other receivables	11,606	18,816	12,278	18,816
	21,128	27,506	5,570,745	727,242

(a) IMPAIRED RECEIVABLES AND RECEIVABLES PAST DUE

None of the non-current receivables are impaired or past due but not impaired.

(b) FAIR VALUES

The fair values and carrying values of non-current receivables are as follows:

Group	2009		2008	
	Carrying amount \$'000	Fair value \$'000	Carrying amount \$'000	Fair value \$'000
Deposits	9,522	9,522	8,398	8,398
Lease receivables	-	-	292	292
Other receivables	11,606	11,606	18,816	18,816
	21,128	21,128	27,506	27,506

Parent	2009		2008	
	Carrying amount \$'000	Fair value \$'000	Carrying amount \$'000	Fair value \$'000
Inter-company receivables	5,548,962	5,548,962	699,742	699,742
Deposits	9,505	9,505	8,392	8,392
Lease receivables	-	-	292	292
Other receivables	12,278	12,278	18,816	18,816
	5,570,745	5,570,745	727,242	727,242

The carrying amounts of the receivables represent the best approximation of fair value.

(c) RISK EXPOSURE

Information about the Group's and the parent entity's exposure to credit risk, foreign exchange and interest rate risk is provided in note 2.

15 NON-CURRENT ASSETS – INVENTORIES

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Raw materials and stores	39,318	37,157	39,318	37,157
Less: provision for inventory obsolescence	(3,571)	(6,222)	(1,590)	(6,222)
	35,747	30,935	37,728	30,935

16 NON-CURRENT ASSETS – PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Consolidated	Asset under construction \$'000	Land \$'000	Leased property \$'000	Buildings \$'000	Plant and equipment \$'000	Rollingstock \$'000	Leased infrastructure \$'000	Leased rollingstock \$'000	Infrastructure \$'000	Total \$'000
At 1 July 2007										
Cost	1,361,216	299,722	3,793	482,011	422,655	1,708,443	54	1,460,588	4,633,506	10,371,988
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses	(10,467)	(3,428)	(2,205)	(104,134)	(163,606)	(317,651)	(15)	(389,000)	(497,728)	(1,488,234)
Net book amount	1,350,749	296,294	1,588	377,877	259,049	1,390,792	39	1,071,588	4,135,778	8,883,754
Year ended 30 June 2008										
Opening net book amount	1,350,749	296,294	1,588	377,877	259,049	1,390,792	39	1,071,588	4,135,778	8,883,754
Acquisition of subsidiary	-	-	395	-	1,713	-	-	-	-	2,108
Additions	1,754,941	-	528	3,229	50,085	23,490	-	5,228	390	1,837,891
Transfers between asset classes	(1,223,848)	14,717	(4)	51,857	32,683	334,000	(32)	130,355	655,695	(4,577)
Disposals	(23,426)	(7,924)	-	(2,166)	(17,573)	(1,026)	(6)	(14)	(9,161)	(61,296)
Impairment expense	4,113	(982)	-	(4,333)	(440)	(8,526)	-	(17,423)	(928)	(28,519)
Impairment reversal	140	-	-	-	3	678	-	926	26	1,773
Depreciation / amortisation expense	-	-	(343)	(17,309)	(52,849)	(112,300)	(1)	(98,838)	(164,738)	(446,378)
Other adjustments	-	(500)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(500)
Closing net book amount	1,862,669	301,605	2,164	409,155	272,671	1,627,108	-	1,091,822	4,617,062	10,184,256
At 30 June 2008										
Cost	1,868,883	306,561	4,771	534,475	470,779	2,052,595	-	1,588,731	5,278,811	12,105,606
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses	(6,214)	(4,956)	(2,607)	(125,320)	(198,108)	(425,487)	-	(496,909)	(661,749)	(1,921,350)
Net book amount	1,862,669	301,605	2,164	409,155	272,671	1,627,108	-	1,091,822	4,617,062	10,184,256

Consolidated	Asset under construction \$'000	Land \$'000	Leased property \$'000	Buildings \$'000	Plant and equipment \$'000	Rollingstock \$'000	Leased infrastructure \$'000	Leased rollingstock \$'000	Infrastructure \$'000	Total \$'000
Year ended 30 June 2009										
Opening net book amount	1,862,669	301,605	2,164	409,155	272,671	1,627,108	-	1,091,822	4,617,062	10,184,256
Transfers within group	(49,177)	735	2	18,956	566	3	-	27	28,888	-
Additions	2,301,985	2,528	602	15,734	45,397	107,052	-	-	87	2,473,385
Transfers between asset classes	(1,493,222)	4,801	1,099	49,146	37,739	945,487	(121,518)	(121,518)	576,339	(129)
Disposals	(67,494)	(4,463)	(2)	(2,377)	(11,693)	(1,791)	(202)	(202)	(1,874)	(89,896)
Impairment expense	-	-	(69)	(22)	(2,230)	(1,709)	(4,101)	(4,101)	(101)	(8,232)
Impairment reversal	3,411	-	-	780	1,736	15,127	3,371	3,371	1,424	25,849
Depreciation / amortisation expense	-	-	(419)	(19,316)	(55,758)	(169,883)	(78,431)	(78,431)	(179,968)	(503,775)
Other adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Closing net book amount	2,558,172	305,206	3,377	472,056	288,428	2,521,394	890,968	890,968	5,041,857	12,081,458
At 30 June 2009										
Cost	2,560,975	309,768	5,671	604,377	512,788	3,172,483	1,364,906	1,364,906	5,297,808	13,828,776
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses	(2,803)	(4,562)	(2,294)	(132,321)	(224,360)	(651,089)	(473,938)	(473,938)	(255,951)	(1,747,318)
Net book amount	2,558,172	305,206	3,377	472,056	288,428	2,521,394	890,968	890,968	5,041,857	12,081,458

16 NON-CURRENT ASSETS – PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Parent	Asset under construction \$'000	Land \$'000	Leased property \$'000	Buildings \$'000	Plant and equipment \$'000	Rollingstock \$'000	Leased infrastructure \$'000	Leased rollingstock \$'000	Infrastructure \$'000	Total \$'000
At 1 July 2007										
Cost	1,351,780	245,594	3,058	444,714	344,298	1,414,865	54	1,460,582	4,586,577	9,851,522
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses	(10,467)	(3,428)	(1,917)	(101,693)	(148,670)	(291,668)	(16)	(388,996)	(495,067)	(1,441,922)
Net book amount	1,341,313	242,166	1,141	343,021	195,628	1,123,197	38	1,071,586	4,091,510	8,409,600
Year ended 30 June 2008										
Opening net book amount	1,341,313	242,166	1,141	343,021	195,628	1,123,197	38	1,071,586	4,091,510	8,409,600
Additions	1,736,468	-	-	419	40,081	13,243	-	5,227	21	1,795,459
Transfers between asset classes	(1,223,848)	14,717	-	51,857	32,745	334,000	(32)	130,355	655,696	(4,510)
Disposals	(23,426)	(7,924)	-	(2,166)	(16,444)	(4,093)	(5)	(14)	(9,161)	(63,233)
Impairment expense	4,113	(982)	-	(1,125)	(440)	(8,526)	-	(17,423)	(928)	(25,311)
Impairment reversal	140	-	-	-	3	678	-	926	26	1,773
Depreciation / amortisation expense	-	-	(231)	(16,122)	(45,206)	(90,538)	(1)	(98,839)	(162,939)	(413,876)
Closing net book amount	1,834,760	247,977	910	375,884	206,367	1,367,961	-	1,091,818	4,574,225	9,699,902
At 30 June 2008										
Cost	1,840,974	252,933	3,059	494,367	381,068	1,748,148	-	1,588,727	5,231,514	11,540,790
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses	(6,214)	(4,956)	(2,149)	(118,483)	(174,701)	(380,187)	-	(496,909)	(657,289)	(1,840,888)
Net book amount	1,834,760	247,977	910	375,884	206,367	1,367,961	-	1,091,818	4,574,225	9,699,902

Parent	Asset under construction \$'000	Land \$'000	Leased property \$'000	Buildings \$'000	Plant and equipment \$'000	Rollingstock \$'000	Leased infrastructure \$'000	Leased rollingstock \$'000	Infrastructure \$'000	Total \$'000
Year ended 30 June 2009										
Opening net book amount	1,834,760	247,977	910	375,884	206,367	1,367,961	-	1,091,818	4,574,225	9,699,902
Transfers within group	(1,188,451)	484	(737)	9,638	(8,620)	(15)	(15)	28	(4,270,956)	(5,458,629)
Additions	1,515,090	2,531	-	296	30,944	69	-	-	89	1,549,019
Transfers between asset classes	(962,934)	2,465	1,099	49,143	36,705	945,486	(121,517)	(202)	49,422	(131)
Disposals	(12,888)	(4,463)	-	(2,282)	(9,867)	(1,791)	(202)	(202)	(1,251)	(82,744)
Impairment expense	-	-	-	(22)	(2,017)	(1,709)	(4,101)	(4,101)	(101)	(7,950)
Impairment reversal	3,411	-	-	780	1,736	15,127	-	3,371	1,424	25,849
Depreciation/ amortisation expense	-	-	(208)	(17,435)	(45,341)	(143,243)	(78,431)	(43,575)	(328,233)	(328,233)
Closing net book amount	1,188,988	248,994	1,064	416,002	209,907	2,181,885	890,966	309,277	5,447,083	5,447,083
At 30 June 2009										
Cost	1,191,791	253,556	2,701	544,451	421,928	2,761,035	1,364,904	422,305	6,962,671	6,962,671
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses	(2,803)	(4,562)	(1,637)	(128,449)	(212,021)	(579,150)	(473,938)	(113,028)	(1,515,588)	(1,515,588)
Net book amount	1,188,988	248,994	1,064	416,002	209,907	2,181,885	890,966	309,277	5,447,083	5,447,083

(a) IMPAIRMENT

Whilst the economic downturn has impacted on QR Group operations and financial results, the impact has not been significant enough to warrant asset write-downs. In addition, QR Group continues to receive significant support from the Queensland Government to ensure it continues to deliver its community service obligation.

17 NON-CURRENT ASSETS – INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Consolidated	Goodwill \$'000	Key customer contracts and brand name \$'000	Computer software \$'000	Total \$'000
At 1 July 2007				
Cost	78,590	8,571	58,939	146,100
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(12,373)	(1,815)	(19,910)	(34,098)
Net book amount	66,217	6,756	39,029	112,002
Year ended 30 June 2008				
Opening net book amount	66,217	6,756	39,029	112,002
Additions	-	2	333	335
Acquisition of subsidiary	6,820	-	-	6,820
Transfers	-	-	4,571	4,571
Impairment expense	-	-	(887)	(887)
Amortisation expense	-	(1,816)	(11,611)	(13,427)
Closing net book amount	73,037	4,942	31,435	109,414
At 30 June 2008				
Cost	85,410	8,573	63,713	157,696
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(12,373)	(3,631)	(32,278)	(48,282)
Net book amount	73,037	4,942	31,435	109,414
Year ended 30 June 2009				
Opening net book amount	73,037	4,942	31,435	109,414
Additions	-	7	469	476
Acquisition of subsidiary	-	-	118	118
Transfers	-	-	13	13
Amortisation expense	-	(241)	(11,150)	(11,391)
Closing net book amount	73,037	4,708	20,885	98,630
At 30 June 2009				
Cost	85,410	8,579	63,806	157,795
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(12,373)	(3,871)	(42,921)	(59,165)
Net book amount	73,037	4,708	20,885	98,630

Parent	Computer software \$'000
At 1 July 2007	
Cost	57,238
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(18,835)
Net book amount	38,403
Year ended 30 June 2008	
Opening net book amount	38,403
Transfers	4,509
Impairment expense	(887)
Amortisation expense	(11,325)
Closing net book amount	30,700
At 30 June 2008	
Cost	61,703
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(31,003)
Net book amount	30,700
Year ended 30 June 2009	
Opening net book amount	30,700
Intercompany transfers	(118)
Additions	353
Transfers	131
Amortisation expense	(10,919)
Closing net book amount	20,147
At 30 June 2009	
Cost	61,515
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(41,368)
Net book amount	20,147

17 NON-CURRENT ASSETS – INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)**(a) IMPAIRMENT TESTS FOR GOODWILL**

Goodwill is allocated to the Group's cash generating units ("CGU") identified according to a whole of business approach. The recoverable amount of CGU for both the Logistics Australasia Pty Ltd ("LA") and Australia Eastern Railroad Pty Ltd ("AER") group of companies has been determined based on a value-in-use calculation which uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets.

The recent announcement regarding the sale of the QR business has been considered. Whilst the announcement will impact on these businesses going forward, there is no impact on the recorded goodwill. The assessment was made on the basis of the Government's stated commitment to realise the full market value of the assets. In addition, the Government's commitment through the delivery of the Corporate Plan and the expectation that QR would continue with its usual operation of the business which includes continuation with contract negotiations and with the development of projects as part of the organisation's ongoing business, has meant the assumptions around the future cash flows and salvage values remain intact.

Goodwill is not amortised but is subject to annual impairment testing. No impairment loss was recognised for continuing operations in the year to 30 June 2009 (2008: \$nil).

A summary of the goodwill allocation by CGU is presented below:

2009	Consolidated \$'000	Parent \$'000
Logistics Australasia Pty Ltd – Retail	31,872	-
Australia Eastern Railroad Pty Ltd – Bulk Freight	41,165	-
	73,037	-

2008	Consolidated \$'000	Parent \$'000
Logistics Australasia Pty Ltd – Retail	31,872	-
Australia Eastern Railroad Pty Ltd – Bulk Freight	41,165	-
	73,037	-

(b) KEY ASSUMPTIONS USED FOR VALUE-IN-USE CALCULATIONS

CGU	Growth rate *		Discount rate **	
	2009 %	2008 %	2009 %	2008 %
Logistics Australasia Pty Ltd – Retail	2.5	2.5	14.0	15.3
Australia Eastern Railroad Pty Ltd – Bulk Freight	2.5	2.5	13.7	15.3

* The growth rate for LA is based on the long-term average growth rate for the transport industry. The growth rate used for AER is based on the expected future growth rate specific to the group.

** In performing the value-in-use calculations for each CGU, the Group has applied post-tax discount rates to discount the forecast future attributable post-tax cash flows. The equivalent pre-tax discount rates are disclosed above.

The following describes each key assumption on which management has based its cash flow projections when determining the value-in-use of the LA and AER group of companies:

- five year projected cash flows as per management forecast.
- assumption that over the next five years, material customer contracts are retained.
- the cost of capital will remain stable over the next five year period.

(c) IMPACT OF POSSIBLE CHANGES IN KEY ASSUMPTIONS

The recoverable amount of the CGU incorporating the goodwill relating to the Logistics Australasia group acquisition is estimated to be \$133.1 million (2008: \$73.9 million). This exceeds the carrying amount of the CGU's assets at 30 June 2009 by \$14.5 million (2008: \$5.5 million).

If the pre-tax discount rate applied to the cash flow projections of the LA Group was 15.26% instead of 13.96% (2008: 16.54% instead of 15.34%), the recoverable amount of the CGU's assets would equal its carrying amount. Management does not consider a change in any of the other key assumptions to be reasonably possible.

The recoverable amount of the CGU incorporating the goodwill relating to the Australian Rail Group acquisition of AWR is estimated to be \$626.7 million (2008: \$444.7 million). This exceeds the carrying amount of the CGU's assets at 30 June 2009 by \$61.1 million (2008: \$23.8 million).

If the pre-tax discount rate applied to the cash flow projections of the AWR CGU was 14.53% instead of 13.74% (2008: 15.77% instead of 15.34%), the recoverable amount of the CGU's assets would equal its carrying amount. Management does not consider a change in any of the other key assumptions to be reasonably possible.

(d) IMPAIRMENT CHARGE

No impairment loss was recognised against goodwill for the period.

18 NON-CURRENT ASSETS – INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Interest in joint ventures (note 35)	466	1,117	466	443
	466	1,117	466	443

(a) INTEREST IN JOINT VENTURE

The interest in the joint venture is accounted for in the financial statements using the equity method of accounting and is carried at cost by the parent entity (refer to note 35).

19 NON-CURRENT ASSETS – OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Unlisted equity securities (a)	46,077	31,028	-	-
Shares in subsidiaries (note 38)	1	-	101,239	18,479
	46,078	31,028	101,239	18,479

(a) UNLISTED SECURITIES

Unlisted securities are traded in inactive markets. The financial asset will be initially recorded at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition. Subsequent measurement will be in accordance with AASB 139 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* which requires investments in equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured to be measured at cost.

(b) IMPAIRMENT AND RISK EXPOSURE

The above financial assets are neither past due nor impaired. They are also denominated in Australian currency.

20 NON-CURRENT ASSETS – DEFERRED TAX ASSETS

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to:				
Accrued expenses	9,430	4,636	3,282	659
Foreign exchange losses	8,691	-	8,691	-
Provisions	144,395	136,673	96,983	129,816
Superannuation contributions	271	82	-	-
Tax losses	47,421	61,340	47,421	61,339
Unearned revenue	11,784	12,205	-	11,648
Cash flow hedges	4,675	114	4,568	-
Various adjustments – temporary differences	5,417	5,547	1,945	5,094
Total deferred tax assets	232,084	220,597	162,890	208,556
Movements:				
Opening balance at 1 July	220,597	262,750	208,556	255,242
Credited/(charged) to the income statement (note 8)	20,844	7,532	31,918	3,469
Transfer between entities	-	-	(68,233)	-
Credited/(charged) to equity (note 30)	4,562	(3,103)	4,568	(3,216)
Acquisition of subsidiary (note 37)	-	530	-	-
Pre-acquisition losses of subsidiary written off to tax expense	-	(173)	-	-
Tax losses utilised against taxable income	(13,919)	(46,939)	(13,919)	(46,939)
Closing balance at 30 June	232,084	220,597	162,890	208,556
Deferred tax assets to be recovered within 12 months	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax assets to be recovered after more than 12 months	232,084	220,597	162,890	208,556

21 NON-CURRENT ASSETS – OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Prepayments	71,247	51,250	51,183	51,250
Other	-	300	-	-
	71,247	51,550	51,183	51,250

22 CURRENT LIABILITIES – TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Trade payables – external	529,768	474,034	279,968	416,168
Trade payables – intercompany	-	-	346,073	4,623
Dividend payables	215,086	156,821	215,086	156,821
Trusts	19	24	-	24
Other payables	20,522	60,703	13,216	54,298
	765,395	691,582	854,343	631,934

(a) RISK EXPOSURE

Information about the Group's and the parent entity's exposure to foreign exchange risk is provided in note 2.

23 CURRENT LIABILITIES – BORROWINGS

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Secured				
Lease liabilities (note 34)	-	2	-	-
Total secured current borrowings	-	2	-	-
Unsecured				
Queensland Treasury Corporation borrowings	169	530,652	169	530,652
Total unsecured current borrowings	169	530,652	169	530,652
Total current borrowings	169	530,654	169	530,652

(a) QUEENSLAND TREASURY CORPORATION BORROWINGS

Details of the Group's borrowing arrangements are set out in note 26.

(b) RISK EXPOSURES

Details of the Group's exposure to risks arising from current and non-current borrowings are set out in note 2.

(c) FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES

Details of the fair value of borrowings for the Group are set out in note 26.

(d) SECURITY

Information about the security relating to each of the secured liabilities and further information on the bank overdrafts and bank loans are set out in note 26.

24 LIABILITIES – PROVISIONS

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Current provisions				
Litigation and workers' compensation provision	18,369	15,538	17,955	15,538
Other provisions	-	1,401	-	637
	18,369	16,939	17,955	16,175
Non-current provision				
Litigation and workers' compensation provision	33,452	37,842	33,452	37,842
	33,452	37,842	33,452	37,842
Total Provisions	51,821	54,781	51,407	54,017

(a) LITIGATION AND WORKERS' COMPENSATION

Provision is made for the estimated liability for workers' compensation and litigation claims. Claims are assessed separately for common law, statutory and asbestos claims. The outstanding liability is determined after factoring future claims inflation and discounting future claim payments. Estimates are made based on the average number of claims and average claim payments over a specified period time. Claims Incurred But Not Reported (IBNR) are also included in the estimate. Claims are expected to be paid over a period exceeding more than one year.

(b) MOVEMENTS IN PROVISIONS

Movements in each class of provision during the financial year are set out below:

Consolidated – 2009	Litigation and workers' compensation provision	Other provisions	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Current and non-current			
Carrying amount at start of year	53,380	1,401	54,781
Charged/(credited) to the income statement			
– additional provisions recognised	22,199	-	22,199
– unused amounts transferred	-	(669)	(669)
Amounts used during the period	(23,758)	(732)	(24,490)
Carrying amount at end of year	51,821	-	51,821

Parent – 2009	Litigation and workers' compensation provision	Other provisions	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Current and non-current			
Carrying amount at start of year	53,380	637	54,017
Charged/(credited) to the income statement			
– additional provisions recognised	22,199	-	22,199
– unused amounts transferred	-	(637)	(637)
Amounts used during the period	(24,172)	-	(24,172)
Carrying amount at end of year	51,407	-	51,407

25 CURRENT LIABILITIES – OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Income in advance	63,413	50,286	1,124	50,236
Other current liabilities	10,688	19,569	3,084	19,540
Employee benefits	138,341	130,891	84,759	117,387
Operating lease liabilities	161	158	-	-
	212,603	200,904	88,967	187,163

26 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES – BORROWINGS

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Secured				
Lease liabilities (note 34)	9,505	8,392	9,505	8,392
Total secured non-current borrowings	9,505	8,392	9,505	8,392
Unsecured				
Queensland Treasury Corporation borrowings	6,446,204	4,670,348	6,446,204	4,670,348
Total unsecured non-current borrowings	6,446,204	4,670,348	6,446,204	4,670,348
Total non-current borrowings	6,455,709	4,678,740	6,455,709	4,678,740

26 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES – BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)**(a) SECURED LIABILITIES AND ASSETS PLEDGED AS SECURITY**

The total secured liabilities (current and non-current) are as follows:

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Lease liabilities	9,505	8,394	9,505	8,392
Total secured liabilities	9,505	8,394	9,505	8,392

The finance lease liabilities of the subsidiaries are effectively secured as the rights to the leased assets recognised in the financial statements revert to the lessor in the event of default.

The carrying amounts of assets pledged as security for current and non-current borrowings are:

	Notes	Consolidated		Parent	
		2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Non-current					
<i>Finance lease</i>					
Plant and equipment	16	-	1	-	-
		-	1	-	-
<i>Floating charge</i>					
Receivables non-current	14	9,522	8,398	9,505	8,392
		9,522	8,398	9,505	8,392
Total non-current assets pledged as security		9,522	8,399	9,505	8,392
Total assets pledged as security		9,522	8,399	9,505	8,392

(b) FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS

The short-term borrowing arrangements with Queensland Treasury Corporation ("QTC") are interest-bearing. The borrowing arrangements are subject to annual review. The total amount of credit unused as at 30 June 2009 was \$1,014.8 million (2008: \$519.3 million).

Borrowings are sourced from the QR Client Specific Pool subject to annual approval of the Queensland State Treasurer. QR may draw up to the amount of the approved borrowing program.

QR has a credit standby arrangement with the Commonwealth Bank of Australia in the form of a bank overdraft totalling \$2.0 million (2008: \$2.0 million).

The amount of undrawn borrowing facilities with Queensland Treasury Corporation ("QTC") available as at reporting date is shown below:

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Bank loan facilities				
Total facilities	1,015,000	1,050,000	1,015,000	1,050,000
Used at balance date	169	530,652	169	530,652
Unused at balance date	1,014,831	519,348	1,014,831	519,348

(c) FAIR VALUE

The carrying amounts and fair values of current and non-current borrowings and off-balance sheet guarantees at balance date are:

Group	At 30 June 2009		At 30 June 2008	
	Carrying amount \$'000	Fair value \$'000	Carrying amount \$'000	Fair value \$'000
On-balance sheet				
<i>Non-traded financial liabilities</i>				
Borrowings	6,446,373	6,565,830	5,201,000	5,139,058
Lease liabilities	9,505	9,505	8,394	8,393
	6,455,878	6,575,335	5,209,394	5,147,451

Off-balance sheet*Unrecognised financial assets*

Parent company guarantees	-	402,348	-	367,128
Bank guarantees	-	231,419	-	228,044
Insurance company guarantees	-	40,219	-	36,365

Unrecognised financial liabilities

Parent company guarantees	-	(7,027)	-	(7,312)
Bank guarantees	-	(71,138)	-	(71,063)
Letters of credit	-	(156)	-	(823)
	-	595,665	-	552,339

Parent entity	At 30 June 2009		At 30 June 2008	
	Carrying amount \$'000	Fair value \$'000	Carrying amount \$'000	Fair value \$'000
On-balance sheet				
<i>Non-traded financial liabilities</i>				
Borrowings	6,446,373	6,565,830	5,201,000	5,139,058
Lease liabilities	9,505	9,505	8,392	8,392
	6,455,878	6,575,335	5,209,392	5,147,450

Off-balance sheet*Unrecognised financial assets*

Parent company guarantees	-	350,760	-	367,128
Bank guarantees	-	228,688	-	224,462
Insurance company guarantees	-	40,219	-	36,365

Unrecognised financial liabilities

Parent company guarantees	-	(6,863)	-	(7,312)
Bank guarantees	-	(71,138)	-	(71,063)
Letters of credit	-	(156)	-	(823)
	-	541,510	-	548,757

26 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES – BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)**(i) ON-BALANCE SHEET**

The fair value of borrowings, as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, is determined by reference to the published price quotation in an active market and/or by reference to pricing models and valuation techniques. It reflects the value of the debt of the corporation repaid in full at balance date. As it is the intention of the corporation to hold its borrowings for their full term, no adjustment provision is made in these accounts.

(d) RISK EXPOSURES

Information about the Group's and parent entity's exposure to interest rate and foreign currency changes is provided in note 2.

27 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES – DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to:				
Accrued income	2,828	2,720	1,770	1,933
Consumables and spare parts	31,367	29,834	31,139	29,834
Foreign exchange gains	1,058	4,347	1,038	4,347
Prepayments	437	395	240	242
Tangible fixed assets	1,010,524	908,415	307,099	899,975
Cash flow hedges	-	22,222	-	22,222
Various adjustments – temporary difference	-	6,010	-	6,047
Net deferred tax liabilities	1,046,214	973,943	341,286	964,600
Movements:				
Opening balance at 1 July	973,943	920,510	964,600	912,366
Transfers between entities	-	-	(680,081)	-
Charged/(credited) to the income statement (note 8)	94,494	31,211	78,989	30,012
Charged/(credited) to equity (notes 29 and 30)	(22,223)	22,222	(22,222)	22,222
Closing balance at 30 June	1,046,214	973,943	341,286	964,600
Deferred tax liabilities to be settled within 12 months	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities to be settled after more than 12 months	1,046,214	973,943	341,286	964,600

28 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES – OTHER NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Income in advance	336,776	352,427	-	351,765
Inter-company loans	-	-	431,525	148,358
Employee benefits	307,030	286,556	214,013	280,342
Operating lease liabilities	1,798	2,232	49	39
	645,604	641,215	645,587	780,504

Inter-company loans are loans payable to related parties. All amounts due to related parties are unsecured and non-interest bearing.

29 CONTRIBUTED EQUITY

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
(a) SHARE CAPITAL				
Ordinary shares				
Fully paid	2,834,480	2,385,080	2,834,480	2,385,080
Share issue	578,443	449,400	578,443	449,400
	3,412,923	2,834,480	3,412,923	2,834,480

(b) MOVEMENTS IN ORDINARY SHARE CAPITAL:

Date	Details	Number of shares	Issue price	\$'000
1 July 2007	Opening balance	2,385,080		2,385,080
	Share issue	449,400	\$1.00	449,400
30 June 2008	Balance	2,834,480		2,834,480
1 July 2008	Opening balance	2,834,480		2,834,480
	Share issue	578,443	\$1.00	578,443
30 June 2009	Balance	3,412,923		3,412,923

(c) ORDINARY SHARES

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held.

(d) CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's and the parent entity's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The Shareholding Ministers advise the parent entity on the appropriate methodology in determining the dividend payable annually.

29 CONTRIBUTED EQUITY (CONTINUED)

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group and the parent entity monitor capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including 'borrowings' and 'trade and other payables' as shown in the balance sheet) less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as 'equity' as shown in the balance sheet plus net debt.

The Group is required to maintain an EBIT Interest Coverage of greater than 1:1, except where the gearing ratio is greater than 70%, in which case the EBIT Interest Coverage must be at least 1.35:1. These requirements remain unchanged from 2007 and the group has complied with these requirements throughout the period. The Group's gearing ratios at 30 June 2009 and 30 June 2008 were as follows:

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Total borrowings	7,221,272	5,900,974	7,310,221	5,841,325
Less: cash and cash equivalents (note 9)	(105,185)	(55,099)	(53,785)	(45,470)
Net debt	7,116,087	5,845,875	7,256,436	5,795,855
Total equity	4,249,602	3,650,395	3,854,231	3,604,507
Total capital	11,365,689	9,496,270	11,110,667	9,400,362
Gearing ratio	63%	62%	65%	62%

30 RESERVES AND RETAINED PROFITS / (ACCUMULATED LOSSES)

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
(a) RESERVES				
Hedging reserve – cash flow hedges	(10,909)	51,587	(10,660)	51,852
Foreign currency translation reserve	50	-	50	-
	(10,859)	51,587	(10,610)	51,852

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000

Movements:*Hedging reserve – cash flow hedges*

Balance 1 July	51,587	(7,504)	51,852	(7,504)
Revaluation	(43,214)	83,080	(46,469)	83,080
Deferred tax	12,964	(24,924)	13,941	(24,924)
New highly probable effective hedging	(13,676)	(1,067)	(13,784)	(689)
Deferred tax	4,103	320	4,135	207
Realised movement to profit and loss	(6,463)	9,031	(6,463)	9,031
Deferred tax	1,939	(2,709)	1,939	(2,709)
Matured and capitalised highly probable effective hedging	(17,563)	14,713	(14,225)	14,713
Deferred tax	5,269	(4,414)	4,268	(4,414)
Matured and included in components cost highly probable effective hedging	(12,564)	(22,064)	(12,564)	(22,064)
Deferred tax	3,769	6,619	3,769	6,619
No longer highly effective *	4,200	722	4,201	722
Deferred tax	(1,260)	(216)	(1,260)	(216)
Balance 30 June	(10,909)	51,587	(10,660)	51,852

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000

Movements:*Foreign currency translation reserve*

Balance 1 July	-	-	-	-
Currency translation differences arising during the year :				
Joint venture entities	50	-	50	-
Balance 30 June	50	-	50	-

* In the bi-annual review of diesel usage it was determined that some of the fuel price risk was covered in commercial trading contracts. Accordingly, these exposures no longer required hedging.

(b) RETAINED PROFITS / (ACCUMULATED LOSSES)

Movements in retained profits / (accumulated losses) were as follows:

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Opening balance	764,328	706,919	718,175	667,267
Profit / (loss) for the year	298,679	215,984	(51,204)	202,440
Dividends	(215,086)	(156,821)	(215,086)	(156,821)
Adjustment to retained earnings	(1)	(61)	(3)	-
Adjustment to prior year dividend	36	-	36	-
Prior year adjustments from subsidiary companies *	279	-	-	(2,536)
Prior year pre-acquisition adjustment ARG **	-	(1,693)	-	-
Acquisition of additional interest in jointly controlled assets	(697)	-	-	-
Reversal of prior year insurance excess payable ***	-	-	-	7,825
Balance 30 June	847,538	764,328	451,918	718,175

* QR parent recognised prior period internal charges from subsidiary entities in the current year against retained earnings. These mainly consisted of bulk recharges for costs incurred by subsidiaries.

** A pre 1 June 2006 acquisition amount of \$1.7 million within the subsidiary Australia Western Railroad's GST Payable balance has been identified as an error understating GST liability. This error would have been adjusted against acquisition goodwill. However, the error was discovered more than 12 months from the date of acquisition. The amount was recognised against retained earnings in 2008.

*** The excess insurance payable to the QR Group's insurance subsidiary, On Track Insurance Pty Ltd ("OTI"), has been de-recognised in accordance with accounting standards. Insurance excesses must be off set against insurance provisions and not recognised as a receivable. The adjustment included prior period amounts. The impact was a reversal of the excess insurance payable in QR parent against retained earnings. On consolidation the adjustment is eliminated in full as the transaction is internal in nature. Hence the QR Group impact on retained earnings is nil.

(c) NATURE AND PURPOSE OF RESERVES*(i) Hedging reserve – cash flow hedges*

The hedging reserve is used to record gains or losses on a hedging instrument in a cash flow hedge that are recognised directly in equity, as described in note 1(f). Amounts are recognised in the income statement when the associated hedged transaction affects the income statement.

31 DIVIDENDS

	Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
(a) ORDINARY SHARES		
Dividend of 6.30 cents per share (2008: 5.53 cents) was declared by the Board for the year ended 30 June 2009:		
Fully franked portion	-	-
Unfranked portion	215,086	156,821
Dividend paid		
Fully franked portion	-	-
Unfranked portion	156,785	151,493

The 2009 dividend paid was \$36,000 less than the amount declared in 2008 due to an amendment to Shareholder Agreement payment.

32 KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURES**(a) DIRECTORS AND SPECIFIED EXECUTIVES**

Compensation and other terms of employment for the specified executives are formalised in service agreements. Details of Directors' terms of appointment and compensation details together with the major provisions of the service agreements for specified executives relating to compensation are as follows:

QR Limited			
Directors	Position	Term	Expiry Date
J Prescott AC	Chairman	3 years 3 months	30 September 2009
A Davies	Director	3 years	30 September 2011
P Gregg	Director	3 years 5 months	30 September 2012
R Holloway	Director	3 years	30 September 2010
P Holmes à Court	Director	3 years 3 months	30 September 2009
Dr L Keliher AO	Director	3 years	30 September 2011
W McLachlan	Director	2 years	30 September 2009
D Petie	Director	3 years	30 September 2011
S Rix	Director	2 years	30 September 2009
J West	Director	3 years	30 September 2010

Subsidiaries			
Directors	Position	Company	Expiry Date
Lance Hockridge	Director	QR Intermodal Pty Ltd, Interail Australia Pty Ltd, Australian Rail Pty Ltd, Australia Eastern Railroad Pty Ltd, Australia Western Railroad Pty Ltd, Australian Railroad Group Employment Pty Ltd, AWR Lease Co Pty Ltd, Logistics Australasia Pty Ltd, CRT Group Pty Ltd, NHK Pty Ltd, Golden Bros. Group Pty Ltd, QR Network Pty Ltd, QR Passenger Pty Ltd	Permanent
Deborah O'Toole	Director	QR Intermodal Pty Ltd, Interail Australia Pty Ltd, Australian Rail Pty Ltd, Australia Eastern Railroad Pty Ltd, Australia Western Railroad Pty Ltd, Australian Railroad Group Employment Pty Ltd, AWR Lease Co Pty Ltd, Logistics Australasia Pty Ltd, CRT Group Pty Ltd, NHK Pty Ltd, Golden Bros. Group Pty Ltd, QR Network Pty Ltd, QR Passenger Pty Ltd, QR Surat Basin Pty Ltd	Permanent
Michael Carter	Director	QR Network Pty Ltd, QR Surat Basin Pty Ltd	Permanent
Paul Scurrah	Director	QR Passenger Pty Ltd	Permanent
Warren McLachlan	Chairman	On Track Insurance Pty Ltd	30 September 2009
David Drew	Director	On Track Insurance Pty Ltd	Permanent
Rob Holloway	Director	On Track Insurance Pty Ltd	30 September 2010
Ron Ashton	Director	On Track Insurance Pty Ltd	Permanent

32 KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

Specified executives	Term	Expiry Date
QR Limited		
Chief Executive Officer	3 years	7 November 2010 with option for 2 year extension.
Chief Financial Officer	3 years	11 December 2010 with option for 2 year extension.
Group Executive General Manager QR Freight	3 years	10 December 2009 with option for 2 year extension.
Executive General Manager QR Freight	3 years	24 June 2012 with option for 2 year extension.
Executive General Manager QR Network	3 years	9 December 2010 with option for 2 year extension.
Executive General Manager QR Passenger	3 years	25 May 2011 with option for 2 year extension.
Executive General Manager QR Coal	3 years	24 June 2012 with option for 2 year extension.
Executive General Manager QR Services	This role is currently being performed on an acting basis.	
Chief Human Resources Officer	3 years	4 January 2012 with option for 2 year extension.
Chief Corporate Services Officer	3 years	24 June 2012 with option for 2 year extension.
Chief Risk Officer	This role was abolished effective from 24 June 2009—refer notes on Executive Changes for 2008/09.	
Chief Marketing Officer	3 years	10 June 2011 with option for 2 year extension.

The above are the key executives representing the QR Group and its subsidiaries. These executives provide advice in relation to strategy and future direction of the QR Group under the business model adopted. The subsidiary entities have CEOs or senior executives who are involved in operational matters only and are not disclosed above for this reason.

(b) KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL COMPENSATION

Directors' compensation and terms of appointment are set by the Governor in Council.

The Board Remuneration and Succession Committee reviews the compensation and other terms of employment of the specified executives, having regard to performance against goals set at the start of the year, relevant comparative information and independent expert advice.

Payment of termination benefit on early termination by the employer, other than for gross misconduct, is equal to one week's total compensation for each year of QR service, plus between 6 and 18 months total compensation, dependent on the length of the balance of the contract at the time.

Details of the compensation of each specified director and executive are as follows:

	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Short-term employee benefits	5,055	2,968
Post-employment benefits	1,452	798
Termination benefits	321	362
	6,828	4,128

Short-term Employee Benefits includes cash salary and fees and non-monetary benefits. Non-monetary benefits represent the value of Reportable Fringe Benefits for the respective Fringe Benefits Tax year ending 31 March and the estimated value of car parking provided.

(i) Directors of QR Limited and subsidiaries

2009 Specified directors	Position	Short-term benefits		Post-employment benefits		Total \$'000
		Cash salary and fees \$'000	Non-monetary benefits \$'000	Superannuation \$'000	Retirement benefits \$'000	
J Prescott AC	Chairman	121	-	16	-	137
A Davies	Director	27	-	-	-	27
P Gregg	Director	-	-	-	-	-
R Holloway	Director	43	-	6	-	49
P Holmes à Court	Director	34	-	4	-	38
Dr L Keliher AO	Director	26	-	3	-	29
W McLachlan	Director	45	-	4	-	49
D Petie	Director	40	-	5	-	45
S Rix	Director	43	-	-	-	43
J West	Director	36	-	4	-	40
R Ashton	Director	4	-	-	-	4
Total		419	-	42	-	461

2008 Specified directors	Position	Short-term benefits		Post-employment benefits		Total \$'000
		Cash salary and fees \$'000	Non-monetary benefits \$'000	Superannuation \$'000	Retirement benefits \$'000	
J Prescott AC	Chairman	116	-	15	-	131
Cr P Bell AM	Deputy Chairman	34	-	3	-	37
R Holloway	Director	42	-	5	-	47
P Holmes à Court	Director	29	-	4	-	33
L Hunt	Director	13	-	-	-	13
W McLachlan	Director	42	-	4	-	46
D Petie	Director	37	-	5	-	42
S Rix	Director	42	-	-	-	42
J West	Director	33	-	4	-	37
R Ashton	Director	4	-	-	-	4
Total		392	-	40	-	432

In addition to the above, Lance Hockridge, Deborah O'Toole, Michael Carter, Paul Scurrah and David Drew are internally appointed directors of subsidiary companies. These QR executives do not receive additional remuneration in their capacity as directors.

32 KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)*(ii) Specified executives of the Group*

Total cash salary and fees for specified executives includes packaged benefits such as salary sacrifice relating to employer provided motor vehicles used by employee for private purposes, additional superannuation and any exempt benefits.

On 18 December 2008 the CEO announced changes in the management structure relating to the Freight business. The following table has been amended to incorporate the appointments made.

QR Limited

2009 Function	Short-term benefits		Post-employment benefits		Long-term benefits	Total \$'000
	Cash salary and fees	Non-monetary benefits	Superannuation	Retirement benefits	Long service leave	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Chief Executive Officer	854	31	96	-	-	981
Chief Financial Officer	489	19	56	-	-	564
Group Executive General Manager QR Freight (1)	362	129	37	985	321	1,834
Executive General Manager QR Freight (1)	256	-	7	-	-	263
Executive General Manager QR Network	393	5	45	-	-	443
Executive General Manager QR Passenger	371	4	47	-	-	422
Executive General Manager QR Coal (1)	156	1	20	-	-	177
Executive General Manager QR Services (2)	341	23	36	-	-	400
Chief Human Resources Officer (3)	559	2	23	-	-	584
Chief Corporate Services Officer (4)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chief Risk Officer (4)	320	5	18	-	-	343
Chief Marketing Officer	311	5	40	-	-	356
Total	4,412	224	425	985	321	6,367

Notes on Executive Changes

(1) Following a comprehensive review of QR's Freight business, the position of Group Executive General Manager QR Freight was abolished and the positions of Executive General Manager QR Freight and Executive General Manager QR Coal were established on 18 December 2008. This restructure was approved by the Shareholding Minister on 24 June 2009.

(2) The position of Executive General Manager QR Services has been performed by two officers during this term.

(3) The position of Chief Human Resources Officer has been performed by two officers during this term.

(4) On 24 June 2009 the position of Chief Corporate Services Officer was approved. The responsibilities of the Chief Corporate Services Officer includes Risk Management, thus, the position of Chief Risk Officer was abolished effective from this date.

2008 Function	Short-term benefits		Post-employment benefits		Long-term benefits	Total \$'000
	Cash salary and fees	Non-monetary benefits	Superannuation	Retirement benefits	Long service leave	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Chief Executive Officer (1)	669	23	77	489	362	1,620
Chief Financial Officer (2)	384	6	36	-	-	426
Group Executive General Manager QR Freight (3)	218	21	23	-	-	262
Executive General Manager QR Network (4)	282	4	27	-	-	313
Executive General Manager QR Passenger (5)	326	9	37	-	-	372
Executive General Manager QR Services (6)	150	12	19	-	-	181
Chief Human Resources Officer (7)	266	2	25	-	-	293
Chief Risk Officer	186	8	24	-	-	218
Chief Marketing Officer	10	-	1	-	-	11
Total	2,491	85	269	489	362	3,696

Notes on Executive Changes

(1) The duties of the Chief Executive Officer were performed by two separate officers during this term.

(2) The duties of the Chief Financial Officer were performed by three separate officers during this term.

(3) The position of Group Executive General Manager QR Freight was established on 10 December 2007.

(4) Executive General Manager QR Network was previously titled Group General Manager Network Access.

(5) Executive General Manager QR Passenger was previously titled Group General Manager Passenger Services.

(6) The Executive General Manager QR Services was established on 10 December 2007.

(7) Chief Human Resources Officer was previously titled Executive General Manager Human Resources.

	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Aggregate performance bonus compensation		
Aggregate performance bonus compensation	14,942	17,912
Aggregate compensation (including performance bonus compensation) paid / payable to employees to whom a performance payment is paid or payable	390,493	347,075
	2009	2008
Number of employees to whom a performance bonus is paid or payable	4,392	4,158

The following categories of employees are eligible for performance based at-risk incentive bonus compensation:

- specified executives;
- other executives;
- salaried employees; and
- award employees.

Performance bonus compensation paid to specified executives is granted upon approval by shareholding Ministers. Performance bonus compensation paid to other employees is granted upon approval by the Chief Executive Officer or in accordance with a subsidiary agreement. The amount of the compensation is determined by performance against key performance indicators set at the start of the year for employees or conditions of a subsidiary agreement for work units.

32 KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)**(c) TRANSACTIONS WITH DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL**

A number of directors of the QR Group are also directors of other corporations that have transacted with the QR Group. The directors do not believe they have the individual capacity to control or significantly influence the financial and operating policies of the QR Group or the other corporations in their dealings with each other. Those corporations are therefore not considered to be related entities.

The following directors were also directors of other companies as follows.

- J Prescott is also a director of Newmont Mining Corporation.
- P Gregg is also a director of Stanwell Corporation Limited, Leighton Holdings Limited, Skilled Group Limited and Skilled Rail Services Pty Ltd.
- W McLachlan is also the chairman of On Track Insurance Pty Ltd.
- R Holloway is also a director of On Track Insurance Pty Ltd.
- S Rix is also a director of BDO Kendalls and the Port of Brisbane Corporation Limited.

The above excludes directorships held with family companies and non-related entities. All transactions between these directors and related entities were based on commercial trading terms.

During the reporting period, Ron Ashton, director of On Track Insurance Pty Ltd, was compensated for legal advice provided to the same company. No other directors were directly compensated for services provided to the QR Group of companies whilst acting in their capacity as directors. The legal fees for Ron Ashton is summarised below.

	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Legal fees	11	17
	11	17

33 CONTINGENCIES

The Group had contingencies at 30 June 2009 in respect of:

(a) CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Issues relating to common law claims and product warranties are dealt with as they arise. There were no material contingent liabilities requiring disclosures in the financial statements.

Litigation

A number of common law claims are pending against the QR Group. Provisions are taken up for some of these exposures based on the Board's determination, and are included as such in note 24.

Contaminated land

QR has a number of land parcels that are affected by pollutants. The organisation will be obliged to remediate these assets in the event that their use changes, which in most cases is when the land is sold. Current land valuations take into account any land that is contaminated. Given its nature, it is not possible to provide an estimate of this exposure.

Warranties

QR has provided warranties to customers regarding construction defects. As no claims have been made under these clauses, it is not possible to provide an estimate of this exposure.

Guarantees and letters of credit

For information about guarantees and letters of credit given by the QR Group and the parent entity, refer to note 26(c). For detailed disclosure of QR's jointly controlled entities letter of credit, refer to note 35.

Deed of Cross Guarantee

Cross guarantees are given by QR Limited and some of its wholly-owned subsidiaries as described in note 39. No deficiencies of assets exist in any of these companies.

(b) CONTINGENT ASSETS

For information about guarantees given to the QR Group and the parent entity, refer to note 26(c).

34 COMMITMENTS**(a) CAPITAL COMMITMENTS**

Capital expenditure contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities is as follows:

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
<i>Property, plant and equipment</i>				
Payable:				
Within one year	931,797	1,445,104	626,167	1,392,589
Later than one year but not later than five years	255,703	839,267	184,000	839,267
Later than five years	-	-	-	-
	1,187,500	2,284,371	810,167	2,231,856

(b) LEASE COMMITMENTS

Commitments for minimum lease payments in relation to non-cancellable operating leases (excluding GST) are payable as follows:

(i) Operating leases

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Commitments for minimum lease payments in relation to non-cancellable operating leases are payable as follows:				
Within one year	32,184	18,939	22,523	9,250
Later than one year but not later than five years	77,184	41,642	50,453	15,612
Later than five years	13,693	14,882	1,887	321
	123,061	75,463	74,863	25,183

The above commitments flow primarily from operating leases of property and machinery. These leases, with terms mostly ranging from one to ten years, generally provide QR with a right of renewal at which times the lease terms are renegotiated. The lease payments comprise a base amount, while the property leases also contain a contingent rental, which is based on either the movements in the Consumer Price Index or another fixed percentage as agreed between the parties.

34 COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)*(ii) Finance leases*

Commitments in relation to finance lease (excluding GST) are payables as follows:

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Commitments in relation to finance leases are payable as follows:				
Within one year	-	2	-	-
Later than one year but not later than five years	12,759	7,137	12,759	7,137
Later than five years	-	5,102	-	5,102
Minimum lease payments	12,759	12,241	12,759	12,239
Future finance charges	(3,254)	(3,847)	(3,254)	(3,847)
Recognised as a liability	9,505	8,394	9,505	8,392
Total lease liabilities	9,505	8,394	9,505	8,392
Representing lease liabilities:				
Current (note 23)	-	2	-	-
Non-current (note 26)	9,505	8,392	9,505	8,392
	9,505	8,394	9,505	8,392

The above commitments flow primarily from leases of rollingstock.

(c) LEASE COMMITMENTS RECEIVABLE: WHERE THE GROUP COMPANY IS THE LESSOR

Some fixed assets are leased to tenants with rents payable monthly. Minimum lease payments not recognised in the financial statements are receivable as follows:

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Within one year	6,893	4,809	5,081	4,588
Later than one year and not later than five years	16,384	13,000	13,852	13,000
Later than five years	78,392	38,982	73,889	38,982
	101,669	56,791	92,822	56,570

35 INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES**Joint venture operation**

QR has a 50% interest in the CityTrans jointly controlled operation with Brisbane City Council.

QR's share of the revenue generated from the operation is dependent on and agreed on an event by event basis taking into consideration the resources consumed by the event. Essentially each operator develops a "charter" price for the event which is then consolidated into a "CityTrans" quote for the event.

There are no assets jointly controlled by the operation.

Jointly controlled assets

The parent entity increased its participating interest from 20% to 33.33% in a joint venture through its wholly-owned subsidiary QR Surat Basin Pty Ltd. Two existing participants sold their 40% interest to QR Surat Basin Pty Ltd and the two other remaining parties.

The Group's interest, as a venturer, in assets employed in this jointly controlled asset is detailed aside.

The amounts are included in the consolidated financial statements under their respective asset categories:

	Consolidated	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
QR Group's share of:		
Current assets	1,798	79
Non-current assets	1,322	330
Current liabilities	(870)	(22)
Non-current liabilities	(6,078)	-
Net assets	(3,828)	387
Revenue	4	9
Expenses	(3,004)	(1,315)
Net profit / (loss) before tax	(3,000)	(1,306)
Tax	864	392
Net profit / (loss) after tax	(2,136)	(914)

(The balance sheet and income statement is based on the unaudited financial statements of Surat Basin Rail joint venture as at 30 June 2009).

Joint venture entities

The joint venture entities in which the QR Group has an interest and which are proportionately included in the financial report are as follows:

Name	Country of operation	Principal Activity	Ownership interest	
			2009 %	2008 %
CHCQ	China – Hong Kong	Construction	15	15
KMQR Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Consulting	30	30
ARG Risk Management	Australia	Insurance	50	50

(a) MOVEMENT IN CARRYING AMOUNTS

	Consolidated	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Carrying amount at 1 July	1,117	3,605
Increase / (decrease) in joint venture interest resulting from final net value calculation	1,034	362
Loan Repayment	(183)	-
Dividend received	(1,502)	(2,850)
Carrying amount at 30 June	466	1,117

** The 2009 dividend included an amount of \$0.1 million (2008: \$0.1 million) received from CHCQ post balance sheet date resulting in a reduction by the same amount in the net investment as compared to the QR Group's share of net assets.*

(b) FAIR VALUE OF LISTED INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURE

The joint venture entities are not listed companies and therefore, no disclosure is required.

35 INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)**(c) SHARE OF JOINT VENTURES' ASSETS, LIABILITIES, REVENUE, EXPENSES AND RESULTS**

	Consolidated	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
QR Group's share of:		
Current assets	2,637	4,897
Non-current assets	114	667
Current liabilities	(2,203)	(3,872)
Non-current liabilities	(21)	(475)
Net assets	527	1,217
Revenues	1,696	1,657
Expenses	(752)	(1,085)
Net Profit / (Loss) before tax	944	572
Tax	(138)	(161)
Net profit / (loss) after income tax	806	411

The balance sheet and the income statement include amounts based on unaudited financial statements for CHCQ as at 31 March 2009 and KMQR Sdn Bhd as at 31 December 2008.

The balance sheet and the income statements for ARG Risk Management are based on audited financial statements for the 12 months ending 31 December 2008 whilst the comparative figures are based on 6 months to 31 December 2007.

(d) SHARE OF JOINT VENTURE'S COMMITMENTS

There are no expenditure commitments or capital commitments.

(e) SHARE OF JOINT VENTURE'S CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

CHCQ had a deposit with the HSBC bank (2008: AUD\$0.6 million) to cover a letter of credit facility. This facility was cancelled during the current reporting period. The QR parent's interest in this contingent liability (2008: AUD\$0.1 million) was cancelled. The amount of the unused credit facility was AUD\$2.8 million in 2008 with the HSBC Bank. The QR Group had no contingent liabilities related to its interest in these joint ventures at balance sheet date.

(f) METHOD OF ACCOUNTING

The QR Group accounts for its share in this entity using the equity method of accounting.

36 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**(a) PARENT ENTITIES**

The ultimate parent entity within the Group is QR Limited.

(b) SUBSIDIARIES

Interests in subsidiaries are set out in note 38.

(c) KEY MANAGEMENT AND PERSONNEL COMPENSATION

Disclosures relating to key management personnel are set out in note 32.

(d) TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The following transactions occurred with related parties:

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Sale of goods and services to subsidiaries	-	-	797,220	182,266
Purchase of goods and services from subsidiaries	-	-	624,586	47,563
Dividend revenue from other related parties	1,503	2,850	-	100
Trade receivables – current	-	-	428,569	19,502
Other receivables – current	-	-	6,429	6,681
Related parties receivables – current	-	-	-	-
Related parties receivables – non-current	-	-	4,852,143	61,684
Shares in related companies	-	-	101,239	18,479
Trade payables – current	-	-	346,074	4,623
Payables to controlled entities – non-current	-	-	410,627	53,613

Apart from dividends all of the balances and transactions above are with subsidiaries.

(e) LOANS TO/FROM RELATED PARTIES

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
<i>Loans to subsidiaries</i>				
Beginning of the year	-	-	543,313	506,430
Loans advanced	-	-	300,766	97,872
Loan repayments received	-	-	(168,158)	(60,989)
End of year	-	-	675,921	543,313
<i>Loans to related parties</i>				
Beginning of the year	-	-	-	1,419
Loans advanced	-	-	-	-
Loan repayments made	-	-	-	(1,419)
End of year	-	-	-	-

36 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)**(f) TERMS AND CONDITIONS**

All other transactions were made on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates, except that there are no fixed terms for the repayment of loans between the parent and its subsidiaries. All loans are non interest bearing.

Outstanding balances are unsecured.

(g) TRANSACTIONS WITH STATE OF QUEENSLAND CONTROLLED ENTITIES

The Group is a Queensland Government Owned Corporation, with all shares held by the Shareholding Ministers on behalf of the state of Queensland.

The value of these related party transactions and balances, as reported in the balance sheet and income statement, are discussed below:

	Note	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	Nature of Transaction
Other assets	9, 10	103,982	106,193	Short term investment (QTC), transport services contracts and accounts receivable.
Loans	23, 26	6,446,374	5,201,000	Unsecured loan facility (QTC).
Other liabilities	22, 25, 28	439,431	373,615	Interest payable, unearned revenue, accounts payable and dividend payable.
Equity injection	29	578,443	449,400	Equity contributions.
Revenue	5	1,190,547	1,156,955	Sales, community service obligation, government concessions and interest revenue.
Interest expense	7	303,611	306,491	QTC loan interest (includes financing cost).
Other expense	7	241,026	219,432	Electricity, payroll tax, audit fees, licences and permits, rates and water payments.
Dividend paid	31	156,785	151,493	Dividend paid.

37 BUSINESS COMBINATION**(a) SUMMARY OF ACQUISITION**

QR has made no acquisitions in 2009.

The acquisition of Golden Bros. Group Pty Ltd by Logistics Australasia Pty Ltd (a wholly-owned subsidiary of QR Limited) was completed in 2008.

(b) PURCHASE CONSIDERATION

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Outflow of cash to acquire subsidiary, net of cash acquired				
Cash consideration	-	9,053	-	-
Less: Balances acquired				
Cash	-	145	-	-
Outflow of cash	-	8,908	-	-

(c) ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ACQUIRED

No assets or liabilities were acquired through business combinations in 2009.

The assets and liabilities arising from the acquisition in 2008 are as follows:

	2008 Acquiree's carrying amount \$'000	2008 Fair value \$'000
Cash	145	145
Trade receivables	2,204	2,204
Inventories	19	19
Other current assets	268	268
Plant and equipment	2,106	2,106
Deferred tax asset	530	530
Intangible assets	628	628
Trade payables	(2,366)	(2,366)
Provisions current	(14)	(14)
Other current liabilities	(511)	(511)
Provisions non-current	(33)	(33)
Other non-current liabilities	(115)	(115)
Net assets	2,861	2,861

The goodwill is attributable to the workforce savings. The fair value of assets and liabilities are based on discounted cash flow models.

38 SUBSIDIARIES

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of the following subsidiaries in accordance with the accounting policy described in note 1(b):

Name of entity	Country of incorporation	Class of shares	Equity holding	
			2009 %	2008 %
On Track Insurance Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
QR Intermodal Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
Interail Australia Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
Logistics Australasia Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
Golden Bros. Group Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
CRT Group Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
NHK Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
Australian Rail Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
Australia Eastern Railroad Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
Australian Railroad Group Employment Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
Australia Western Railroad Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
AWR Lease Co Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
QR Passenger Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	-
QR Network Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	-
QR Surat Basin Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100

38 SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

1. Except for On Track Insurance Pty Ltd, NHK Pty Ltd and QR Surat Basin Pty Ltd, these subsidiaries have been granted relief from the necessity to prepare financial reports in accordance with Class Order 98/1418 issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission. For further information refer to note 39.
2. NHK Pty Ltd and QR Surat Basin Pty Ltd satisfy the criteria for a small company under the *Corporations Act 2001*. Accordingly, no financial statements have been prepared.
3. On 2 July 2008 National Logistics Alliance Pty Ltd changed its name to QR Intermodal Pty Ltd.
4. On 11 July 2008 the shares in Interail Australia Pty Ltd were transferred in full from QR Limited to QR Intermodal Pty Ltd.
5. On 11 July 2008 the shares in Logistics Australasia Pty Ltd were transferred in full from QR Intermodal Pty Ltd to QR Limited.
6. On 11 July 2008 QR Passenger Pty Ltd and QR Network Pty Ltd were incorporated.
7. On 11 July 2008 the shares in QR Surat Basin Pty Ltd were transferred in full from QR Limited to QR Network Pty Ltd.

39 DEED OF CROSS GUARANTEE

QR Limited, QR Intermodal Pty Ltd (formerly National Logistics Alliance Pty Ltd), Logistics Australasia Pty Ltd, Golden Bros. Group Pty Ltd, CRT Group Pty Ltd, Interail Australia Pty Ltd, Australian Rail Pty Ltd, Australia Eastern Railroad Pty Ltd, Australia Western Railroad Pty Ltd, Australian Railroad Group Employment Pty Ltd, QR Network Pty Ltd and QR Passenger Pty Ltd are parties to a deed of cross guarantee under which each company guarantees the debts of the others. By entering into the deed, the wholly-owned entities have been relieved from the requirement to prepare a financial report and directors' report under Class Order 98/1418 (as amended) issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission.

QR Network Pty Ltd and QR Passenger Pty Ltd were added to the Deed of Cross Guarantee by an Assumption Deed on 1 September 2008.

(a) CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT AND A SUMMARY OF MOVEMENTS IN CONSOLIDATED RETAINED PROFITS

The above companies represent a 'Closed Group' for the purposes of the Class Order, and as there are no other parties to the Deed of Cross Guarantee that are controlled by QR Limited, they also represent the 'Extended Closed Group'.

Set out below is a consolidated income statement and a summary of movements in consolidated retained profits for the year ended 30 June 2009 of the Closed Group.

	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Income statement		
Revenue from continuing operations	3,858,607	3,407,409
Other income	133,569	123,751
Consumables	(1,409,108)	(1,217,597)
Employee benefits expense	(1,227,970)	(1,141,294)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	(514,806)	(459,309)
Other expenses	(107,336)	(140,510)
Finance costs	(336,984)	(304,107)
Share of net profits of associates and joint venture partnership accounted for using the equity method	550	795
Profit before income tax	396,522	269,138
Income tax expense	(92,512)	(66,152)
Profit for the year	304,010	202,986
Summary of movements in consolidated retained profits		
Retained profits at the beginning of the financial year	708,951	659,389
Profit for the year	304,010	202,986
Dividends provided for or paid	(215,086)	(156,821)
Adjustments to retained earnings	(7,579)	3,397
Retained profits at the end of the financial year	790,296	708,951

(b) BALANCE SHEET

Set out below is a consolidated balance sheet as at 30 June 2009 of the Closed Group.

	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	103,047	51,446
Trade and other receivables	520,727	414,575
Inventories	239,268	210,245
Derivative financial instruments	14,044	76,476
Other current assets	32,405	27,756
Total current assets	909,491	780,498
Non-current assets		
Receivables	60,922	(154)
Inventories	35,746	30,936
Property, plant and equipment	12,062,899	10,165,136
Intangible assets	98,631	109,416
Investments accounted for using the equity method	466	1,117
Other financial assets	18,091	18,091
Deferred tax assets	229,660	228,949
Derivative financial instruments	14,615	55,294
Other non-current assets	71,246	51,550
Total non-current assets	12,592,276	10,660,335
Total assets	13,501,767	11,440,833
Current liabilities		
Trade and other payables	793,661	691,215
Borrowings	167	530,654
Provisions	18,369	16,939
Derivative financial instruments	23,012	34,596
Other current liabilities	212,420	200,871
Total current liabilities	1,047,629	1,474,275
Non-current liabilities		
Derivative financial instruments	16,940	21,536
Borrowings	6,455,709	4,678,739
Deferred tax liabilities	1,042,111	972,180
Provisions	34,820	37,842
Other non-current liabilities	712,923	661,969
Total non-current liabilities	8,262,503	6,372,266
Total liabilities	9,310,132	7,846,541
Net assets	4,191,635	3,594,292
Equity		
Contributed equity	3,412,923	2,834,480
Reserves	(11,584)	50,861
Retained profits	790,296	708,951
Total equity	4,191,635	3,594,292

40 KEY RESULTS BY ENTITY

2009

Entity		Total Assets \$'000	Total Liabilities \$'000	Total Revenue \$'000	EBIT \$'000
QR Limited	General Freight (Coal Intermodal, Retail) in QLD	12,331,209	8,476,978	2,538,464	220,693
QR Network Pty Ltd (1)	Below Rail Infrastructure Services in QLD	6,479,218	6,171,410	605,043	442,532
QR Passenger Pty Ltd (2)	Passenger Rail Services in QLD	602,786	562,696	707,251	56,461
QR Intermodal Pty Ltd (3)	General Rail Freight in New South Wales	55,183	52,658	48,647	287
Australia Eastern Railroad Pty Ltd	Bulk Rail Freight Services (QLD & NSW)	539,129	297,875	228,024	7,712
Australia Western Railroad Pty Ltd	Bulk Rail Freight Services (WA)	660,430	204,005	445,917	7,934
Logistics Australasia Pty Ltd Consolidated (4)	Local Retail Freight & Warehousing Services (VIC)	130,483	69,101	84,290	(5,960)
On Track Insurance Pty Ltd	Group Self Insurance	155,420	151,699	69,777	(13,535)

(1) New entity incorporated on 11th July 2008.

(2) New entity incorporated on 11th July 2008.

(3) Previously National Logistics Alliance Pty Ltd. It now holds Interail Australia Pty Ltd but no longer holds Logistics Australasia Pty Ltd and its subsidiaries.

(4) Previously held by National Logistics Alliance Pty Ltd and is now directly held by QR Limited.

2008

Entity		Total Assets \$'000	Total Liabilities \$'000	Total Revenue \$'000	EBIT \$'000
QR Limited	General Freight (Coal Intermodal, Retail) in QLD	11,487,715	7,883,208	3,023,564	568,505
Australia Eastern Railroad Pty Ltd	Bulk Rail Freight Services (QLD & NSW)	529,063	284,428	207,960	3,683
Australia Western Railroad Pty Ltd	Bulk Rail Freight Services (WA)	514,645	130,702	373,335	(603)
National Logistics Alliance Pty Ltd	Local Retail Freight & Warehousing Services (VIC)	161,511	161,955	110,694	(1,425)
Interail Australia Pty Ltd	General Rail Freight in New South Wales	33,637	18,658	38,222	-
QR Surat Basin Pty Ltd	Holding company of Surat Basin Rail Joint Venture	520	1,515	9	(1,316)
On Track Insurance Pty Ltd	Group Self Insurance	87,955	74,759	25,030	(8,984)

41 REMUNERATION OF AUDITORS

During the year, the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the Group and non-related audit firms:

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$	2008 \$	2009 \$	2008 \$
Audit services				
Auditor-General of Queensland				
Audit and review of financial reports	1,521,000	1,469,580	943,000	913,500
Total remuneration for audit services	1,521,000	1,469,580	943,000	913,500

42 RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT AFTER INCOME TAX TO NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Profit / (loss) for the year	298,679	215,984	(51,204)	202,440
Depreciation and amortisation	515,166	459,805	339,152	425,201
Impairment of property, plant & equipment and intangibles	(17,617)	27,633	(17,899)	24,425
Impairment of trade receivables	2,412	1,221	237	589
Net (gain) / loss on sale of non-current assets	3,445	(14,412)	1,851	(14,750)
Inventory obsolescence	1,475	4,863	1,298	4,749
Capital works expense (prior year)	-	14,866	-	14,865
Working capital loan on On Track Insurance Pty Ltd	-	-	-	7,355
Derivative financial instrument – unrealised	(2,350)	(13,127)	(2,096)	(13,283)
Non-current asset stocktake adjustments	-	1	-	1
Net non-cash interest	-	(1,685)	-	(1,334)
Non-cash commissions	-	45	-	45
Non-cash fee expenses	-	165	-	165
Promissory notes	-	6,773	-	6,773
Change in operating assets and liabilities				
(Increase) / decrease in trade debtors	(75,527)	(95,198)	(5,340,954)	(114,736)
(Increase) / decrease in inventories	(35,308)	(15,564)	(143,964)	(1,478)
(Increase) / decrease in other operating assets	70,807	(6,664)	70,629	1,107
Increase / (decrease) in payables	(46,022)	85,228	218,223	63,248
Increase / (decrease) in other liabilities	74,949	(249)	4,948,125	32,505
Increase / (decrease) in other provisions	(2,960)	52,560	7,604	51,978
Increase / (decrease) in employee provisions	-	46,389	-	43,150
Increase / (decrease) in GST (net)	-	(1,133)	-	(5,991)
Increase / (decrease) in cash flow hedges	(62,445)	-	(63,800)	-
Net cash (outflow) / inflow from operating activities	724,704	767,501	(32,798)	727,024

43 EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE**Disposal of all or part of the above and below rail businesses, assets and liabilities of QR other than passenger services**

On 2 June 2009 the Queensland Government announced its intention to undertake a significant asset sale program.

The *Infrastructure Investment (Assets Restructuring and Disposal) Act 2009* has been passed to facilitate the restructure and disposal of particular businesses, assets and liabilities of government entities. The Act grants extensive powers to the Minister to direct the restructuring, disposal or other processes necessary for the sale program with respect to 'declared projects'. Under sections 5(1)(c) and (d) of the Act, the following are 'declared projects':

- the disposal of all or part of the above rail businesses, assets and liabilities of QR Limited (QR) other than a passenger services business, asset or liability; and
- the disposal of all or part of the of the below rail businesses, assets and liabilities of QR Limited (QR).

The asset sale program will initially consider available options for the disposal of QR's above and below rail coal business. Opportunities to package up all or parts of QR's bulk, intermodal, retail and regional freight services as well as certain parts of the below rail network will also be investigated.

At balance sheet date there is significant uncertainty around the timing and nature of the disposals and therefore management considers that the criteria to reclassify the relevant non-current assets or disposal group as 'held for sale' in accordance with AASB 5 *Non current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations* have not been met.

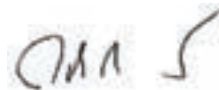
No other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Group.

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

In the directors' opinion:

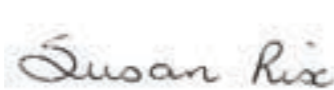
- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 7 to 73 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
- (i) complying with Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements
 - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the company's and consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2009 and of their performance for the financial year ended on that date
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable
- (c) at the date of this declaration, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the members of the Closed Group identified in note 39 will be able to meet any obligations or liabilities to which they are, or may become, subject by virtue of the deed of cross guarantee described in note 39.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



J B Prescott AC
Chairman

Brisbane, QLD
11 August 2009



S Rix
Director

Brisbane, QLD
11 August 2009

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of QR Limited

Matters relating to the Electronic Presentation of the audited Financial Report

The auditor's report relates to the financial report of QR Limited for the financial year ended 30 June 2009 included on QR Limited's website. The directors are responsible for the integrity of QR Limited website. I have not been engaged to report on the integrity of QR Limited's website.

The auditor's report refers only to the statements named below. It does not provide an opinion on any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from these statements. If users of the financial report are concerned with the inherent risks arising from electronic data communications they are advised to refer to the hard copy of the audited financial report, available from QR Limited, to confirm the information included in the audited financial report presented on this website.

These matters also relate to the presentation of the audited financial report in other electronic media including CD-ROM.

Report on the Financial Report

I have audited the accompanying financial report of QR Limited, which comprises the balance sheet as at 30 June 2009, and the income statement, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year ended on that date, a summary of significant accounting policies, other explanatory notes and the directors' declaration of the consolidated entity comprising the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Act 2001*. This responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. In Note 1, the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that compliance with Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards ensures that the financial report, comprising the financial statements and notes, complies with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's responsibility

My responsibility to express an opinion on the financial report based on the audit, is prescribed in the *Auditor-General Act 2009*. This Act, including transitional provisions, came into operation on 1 July 2009 and replaces the previous requirements contained in the *Financial Administration and Audit Act 1997*.

The audit was conducted in accordance with the *Auditor-General of Queensland Auditing Standards*, which incorporate the Australian Auditing Standards. These auditing standards require compliance with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and that the audit is planned and performed to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement in the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the audit considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

I believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Independence

The *Auditor-General Act 2009* promotes the independence of the Auditor-General and QAO authorised auditors. The Auditor-General is the auditor of all Queensland government owned corporations and their controlled entities and can only be removed by Parliament.

The Auditor-General may conduct an audit in any way considered appropriate and is not subject to direction by any person about the way in which audit powers are to be exercised. The Auditor-General has for the purposes of conducting an audit, access to all documents and property and can report to Parliament matters which in the Auditor-General's opinion are significant.

In conducting the audit, the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* have been complied with. I confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, provided to the directors of QR Limited on 11 August 2009, would be in the same terms if provided to the directors, as at the date of this auditor's report.

AUDITOR'S OPINION

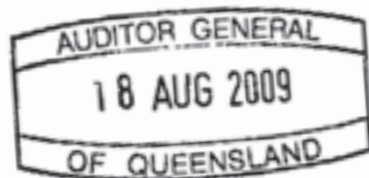
In my opinion –

- (a) the financial report of QR Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including –
- (i) giving a true and fair view of the company's and consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2009 and of their performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*; and
- (b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1.



G G POOLE FCPA

Auditor-General of Queensland



Queensland Audit Office

Brisbane